The Sydney Morning Herald.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
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VOL. XXIV. WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 9, 1848. No 3502
CASH TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS.
For one inch and under 3s., and 1s. for every additional inch for each insertion.

STEAMERS DAILY TO THE HUNTER.

THE MAITLAND on *Mondays* and *Thursdays*, at 6 P.M.
The THISTLE on *Tuesdays* and *Fridays*, at 10 P.M.
The ROSE on *Wednesdays* and *Saturdays*, at 10 P.M.
JAMES PATERSON, Secretary.
H.R.S.N.Co.'s Wharf. 2017

STEAMER TO CLARENCE RIVER.

THE PHŒNIX, steamer, will start for the above district This Day, the 9th instant, at 8 P.M. All freight to be paid in Sydney.
Kellick's Wharf, August 9. 2121

STEAM TO MORETON BAY.

THE Steam-packet TAMAR, J. Allen, commander, will sail TO-MORROW, *Thursday*, at 8 P.M.
JAMES PATERSON, Secretary.
H. R. S. N. Co.'s Wharf. 2253

FIRST VESSEL FOR MORETON BAY.

THE well-known Schooner VIXEN, W. Wyborn, master, now loading at the Commercial Wharf, will sail To-morrow, Thursday, the 10th instant.
For freight or passage apply to the Master, on board; or to
THOMAS CROFT
2216 Commercial Wharf.

LINE OF PACKETS FOR MORETON BAY.

TH Clipper Brigantine CHAMPION, Captain Collas, clears at the Customs This Day, and will sail in the Evening. Has room for a few tons of cargo. For freight or passage apply to
T. C. THOMAS AND CO., Moreton Bay Packet Office,
2236 Albion Wharf.

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT.

THE fine Schooner PETREL, Gibson, master, is now receiving cargo at the Flour Company's Wharf, and will have quick despatch.
For freight or passage apply to
SHEPPARD AND ALGER,
1650 Packet Office, 470, George-street.

FOR MELBOURNE,

TO FOLLOW THE MARTHA AND ELIZABETH.

THE SCHOONER WILL WATCH, hourly expected, has part of her cargo engaged, and will meet with quick despatch.
For freight or passage apply to
E. M. SAYER, Packet Office,
2110 489, George-street.

FOR HOBART TOWN.
(To follow the Emma.)

THE FINE BRIG LORD HOBART. This vessel having the greater portion of her cargo engaged, will sail on Sunday next.
For freight or passage apply on board, at the Queen's Wharf; or to
JOHN MACNAMARA,
2217 Queen-treset.

FOR HOBART TOWN.

THE fine fast sailing schooner WATERLILY, Gwatkin, master, will have immediate despatch. For freight or passage apply to
GEORGE THORNE AND CO.,
1937 7, Jamison-street.

ONLY VESSEL FOR AUCKLAND.

THE well-known packet schooner CHEERFUL, Captain Jones, will clear at the Customs This Day, Wednesday. For freight or passage, having superior accommodation, apply to
SHEPPARD AND ALGER,
Packet Office, 470, George-street.
Shippers are requested to send their goods down without delay, to the Bon Accord Wharf, (late Kellie's). 1082

FOR AUCKLAND DIRECT,
(TO FOLLOW THE LOUISA.)

THE PACKET BRIG MAID OF ERIN, Captain William Heslop, will be ready to receive freight in a few days. Apply to
J. MACNAMARA,
2218 Queen-street.

FOR HONGKONG.

TO SAIL POSITIVELY ON THE 25TH INSTANT.

THE fine fast-sailing A1 ship CANTON, 650 tons, D. Friend, Commander. This vessel has very superior accommodation for passengers.
For freight or passage apply to the Captain, on board; or to
MACKINTOSH AND HIRST,
Queen's-place.
This vessel is admirably adapted for the conveyance of stock and horses, having a very lofty and spacious 'tween decks, and being well ventilated, and if sufficient inducement offers will call at New Zealand. 1797

FOR CALCUTTA DIRECT.

THE fine fast sailing brig SOPHIA, 250 tons, will sail in ten days. Has good accommodation for passengers. Apply to Captain Byworth, or to
SMITH AND CAMPBELL.
August 2. 1826

FOR CALCUTTA DIRECT.

THE ROYAL SAXON 713 tons, William Charlesworth, commander.
The above vessel will be fitted for the conveyance of horses immediately the emigrants are landed, and will sail about the 25th August.
The horses will be under the superintendance of Mr. B. Thompson during the passage, who will be glad to arrange with shippers for the disposal of their horses in India.
The Saxon will probably return to this colony, thus offering a quick return for the proceeds.
For freight or passage apply on board, or at the wharf. R. TOWNS.
July 21. 1187

FOR SINGAPORE.

THE fast-sailing A 1 barque LIMA. 349 tons register, Adam Yule, commander, having superior accommodation, offers an eligible opportunity for passengers to England by this route, and will sail 12th instant. Apply to
GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER.
August 8. 2230

FOR MADRAS DIRECT.

A CHARTERED SHIP.

THE FINE SHIP HYDERABAD, 816 tons, Frederick Augustus Castle, commander, being under positive engagement, will positively sail for the above port on the 5th August. Has room for a few horses, and most superior accommodation for passengers. For freight or passage apply to Captain CASTLE, on board, or to
GEORGE THORNTON, Custom House.
This ship carries an experienced surgeon. 10738

FOR LONDON DIRECT.

FOR LIGHT FREIGHT AND PASSENGERS ONLY.

THE first-class fast-sailing Ship TASMANIA, 503 tons register, J. C. Tucker, commander.
This ship has one poop cabin and several excellent lower cabins disengaged, and will take a few intermediate passengers.
The cabin accommodations of the Tasmania are very superior, having been built under the inspection of the present owner expressly as a passenger ship. She will sail the first week in September.
For freight or passage apply to Captain Tucker; or to
TUCKER, LINGARD, AND CO.,
421, George-street.
Carries an experienced Surgeon. 2208

FOR LONDON.

THE fine fast-sailing barque RALPH BERNAL, A 1, 314 tons, George M'Laren, Commander.
For freight or passage, having excellent accommodations, apply to the Captain, on board; or to
J. B. METCALFE.
August 9. 2193

FOR LONDON.

THE fast-sailing first-class ship SERINGAPATAM, 358 tons register, Francis Lovell, commander, will meet with quick despatch, and has good accommodation for a limited number of steerage passengers.
For freight or passage apply to the commander on board, or to
1641 DONALDSON AND CO.

FOR LONDON.

THE first-class British built barque MARCHIONESS OF DOUGLASS, 579 tons register, David Henderson, commander.
For freight or passage apply to
SMITH AND CAMPBELL; or,
8692 ROBERT HOW AND CO.

WANTED, a vessel, from 30 to 60 tons, to trade between Morpeth and Sydney. Address A. B., care of GEORGE D. CRAIG, East Maitland, stating draught of water and other particulars. 2049

BOAT FOR SALE. — To be sold cheap, a second-hand ship's Longboat, very strong and copper fastened; would make a good wood or ballast boat. Apply to Mr. H. SARGEANT, or to Mr. J. REDGRAVE, boat-builder. 2126

NOTICE TO CHELSEA PENSIONERS AT MORETON BAY.

ALL Pensioners resident in the neighbourhood of Moreton Bay, are requested to send their names and addresses to Captain Wickham, Police Magistrate, Brisbane, in order that their pension papers may be forwarded to that office for payment.
T. W. RAMSAY, Dep. Com. Gen.
Commissariat Office, Sydney, 5th August, 1848. 3041

EXPERIMENTAL SILK INSTITUTION.

UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT:—
Messrs. John Brown, John Alexander, William R. Scott, Thomas Woolley, Thomas S. Mort, Didier N. Joubert, George K. Holden, Thomas Forster, Archibald Campbell, and Allan M'Gaa.

THE Undersigned agree to contribute the several sums set against their respective signatures, for the purpose of establishing an Experimental Institution for the Growing and Reeling of Silk, on condition that the whole amount subscribed for the first year shall not be less than Four Hundred Pounds, and that no liability be incurred by them beyond the several respective sums so subscribed:—

NAMES OF SUBSCRIBERS.	Subscriptions for the first year.	Subscriptions for the second year.	Subscriptions for the third year.
	£ s. d.	£ s.	£ s.
Amount already advertised	235 6 0	78 8	56 19
E. B. Kitson, Goulburn	2 2 0		
Swain, Webbs, and Co	3 3 0	2 2	1 1
George F. Rogers	2 2 0	1 1	1 1
R. Jones, Maitland	1 0 0	1 0	1 0
Duncan Mackellar	1 0 0		
Charles Moore	1 1 0	1 1	1 1
J. B. Darvall	2 0 0		
William Robson	1 1 0	1 1	1 1
Joseph Thompson	2 10 0	1 10	1 0
Samuel Thompson	2 10 0	1 10	1 0
D. Robertson	1 1 0	1 1	1 1
W. T. Cape	1 1 0		
K. J. C.	1 1 0		
J. H. Potts	1 1 0		
John Macnamara	2 0 0		
Donald Larnach	1 0 0		
Thomas W. Smart	2 2 0		
Frederick Ford	1 1 0		
J. C. Korff	0 10 6		
J. F. Josephson	2 2 0		
James Beuzeville	50 0 0		
Allan M'Gaa	2 2 0	1 1	0 10
D. and J. Dickson, Maitland	5 0 0	2 0	1 0
Charles Sutherland	2 0 0	1 0	1 0
James Zeal	1 0 0	0 10	
Augustus Dreutler	2 0 0	1 0	1 0
Robert Ross	1 0 0		
Victor Protois	1 1 0	1 0	1 0
Jules Pillet	1 1 0	1 0	1 0
	329 16 6	96 5	70 14

ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL, Honorary Secretary.
2207

EXPERIMENTAL SILK INSTITUTION.

PERSONS disposed to encourage the objects of this Institution are earnestly requested to intimate as early as possible to any of the Committee, or to the undersigned, the sums which they may be willing to contribute.
ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL, Hon. Secretary.
Jamison-street, July 25. 1471

VAN DIEMEN'S LAND FLOUR.

NOW LANDING, ex Waterlily, 10 Tons Van Diemen's Land Flour,
Also,
Hydraulic pressed Hay of superior quality, will be sold cheap from the ship. Apply to
JOHN MACNAMARA,
2210 Queen-street.

FIRE ASSURANCE,
SYDNEY BRANCH.

Alliance

BRITISH AND FOREIGN LIFE AND FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY,
LONDON.
Established by Act of Parliament, 1824.
Capital, FIVE MILLIONS sterling.

PRESIDENTS.
Samuel Gurney, Esq. | Sir M. Montefiore, F.R.S.
DIRECTORS.
James Alexander, jun., Esq. | Louis Lucas, Esq.
G. H. Barnett, Esq. | Thomas Masterman, Esq.
Sir R. Campbell, Bart. | Thomas Richardson, Esq.
Benjamin Cohen, Esq. | L. N. De Rothschild, Esq.
Hon. W. Cowper, M.P. | A. N. De Rothschild, Esq.
Rt. Hon. Geo. R. Dawson. | Oswald Smith, Esq.
Edward Fletcher, Esq. | H. M. Thornton, Esq.
James P. Howard, Esq. | Melvil Wilson, Esq.
AUDITORS.—James Cook, Esq. Samuel Gurney, jun., Esq. Andrew Johnston, Esq.
BANKERS.—Messrs. Barnett, Hoares, and Co.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned have been appointed Agents for the above Company, and are instructed to announce to the public that the Company have resumed the transaction (through them) of *Fire Assurance business in this Colony*, lately carried on by a Board of Directors.

SCALE OF PREMIUMS.
FIRST-CLASS RISKS. Per ct. per ann. s. d.
Buildings constructed of brick or stone according to the Building Act, covered with slate, tile, or metal, and detached or separated, so as not to be affected by their contiguity to any other Buildings 10 0
Buildings constructed, and covered as above, but joined to other Buildings not being of a hazardous nature, and not of inferior construction 12 6
Buildings constructed, and covered as above, but adjoining to a shingled or other Buildings of inferior construction 15 0
If hazardous goods be deposited in any of the above named Buildings, 2s. 6d. per cent. per annum extra will be charged.

SECOND-CLASS RISKS. Per ct. per ann. s. d.
Buildings constructed of brick or stone, according to the Building Act, and covered with shingles, but detached or separated so as not to be affected by their contiguity to any other Buildings 15 0
Buildings constructed and covered as above, but joined to others of a similar or not inferior construction 17 6
If hazardous Goods be deposited in any of the Buildings named in this class, 5s. per cent. per annum extra to be charged.

THIRD-CLASS RISKS. Per ct. per ann. s. d.
Buildings of stud work, or brick-nogged, and covered with slate, tile, or metal, but separated by a proper space from, so as not to be affected by any other Building 20 0
Buildings constructed as above, but joined to other Buildings of a superior class, with proper party walls between 22 6
If hazardous Goods be deposited in any of the Buildings named in this class, 5s. per cent. per annum extra to be charged.
Goods not hazarded will be insured at the same rate as the Buildings in which they are deposited.
MEM.—Houses properly built of stone or brick, and covered with slates or shingles, but sufficiently detached or separated by proper party walls from other Buildings, will be deemed, according to circumstances, as 1st and 2nd Class Risks, though not in all respects in conformity with the Building Act.
Certain risks of the above description, and to which the foregoing scale may not be distinctly applicable, will be subject to special arrangement, according to the particular circumstances of each case.

HAZARDOUS GOODS.
Such as Cotton, Flax, Hemp, Oil, Rosin, Saltpetre, Spirits, Pitch, Tar, and Turpentine, &c.
Rates for short period Assurances, as follows:—
Not exceeding three months, one half of the annual premium
Exceeding three, and not exceeding six months, three quarters of the annual premium.
Exceeding six months, the full rate.
Further particulars may be learned on application to
THACKER AND CO., Agents.
Fort-street, Sydney, June 1, 1848.
*NOTE.—Policies now in existence effected through the late Board of Directors, may be renewed through the Agents. 9961

BANK NOTICE.

(OLD) COMMERCIAL BANKING COMPANY OF SYDNEY.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a dividend of 4 per cent. for the half-year ending 30th June last, has been declared on the capital stock of this Bank, and that the same will be payable on and after the 4th day of August.
FREDERICK EBSWORTH, Managing Director.
Commercial Bank, July 21. 1196

BANK NOTICE.

(OLD) COMMERCIAL BANKING COMPANY OF SYDNEY.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Special General Meeting of the proprietors of this bank will be held within the banking-house, Sydney, on Wednesday, the 16th August, at 12 o'clock, for the election of five directors, in the room of J. H. Challis, A Little, G. G. Old, H. W. Parker, and H. G. Smith, Esqrs.; and also for the election of a director in the room of Frederick Ebsworth, Esq., Managing Director.
FREDERICK EBSWORTH, Managing Director.
Sydney, July 21. 1197

AUSTRALIAN BENEFIT INVESTMENT AND BUILDING SOCIETY.

A MISAPPREHENSION appearing to prevail amongst applicants for shares as to the precise days on which they are to pay their entrance fees and other admission money, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that subscriptions and entrance fees for the present month of August, will continue to be receivable and shares to be issued, in Class No. 2, at the office of the Society.
ON MONDAY NEXT, *the 14th of August*, from 4 till 5 P.M.
All future subscriptions will become payable and new shares be issued on the following days, viz.:—
FIRST CLASS
The first Monday in September and the first Monday in each succeeding month.
SECOND CLASS.
The second Monday in September and the second Monday in each succeeding month
} From 4 to 5 P.M.
Applicants and shareholders are particularly requested to apply on the *days* and *at the hours* above specified, when directors and other authorised officers will be in attendance to give every requisite information.—Thursday, 27th July, 1848.
CHARLES LOWE, Secretary.
1460

AUSTRALIAN GAS-LIGHT COMPANY.
(UNDER THE ACT OF COUNCIL, 8 WILLIAM IV. AND 3 VICTORIA.)

NOTICE is hereby given, that the next Annual General Meeting of this Company will be held at the Company's Office, Kent-street North, Sydney, on Wednesday, the twenty-third of August instant, at two o'clock in the afternoon, to receive the report of the Directors for the past half-year, to consider of a dividend, to elect Directors in the stead of those who retire by rotation or otherwise, to elect Trustees, and to transact such other business as may be brought forward, in conformity with the Acts and By-laws.
By order of the Board,
R. MANSFIELD, Secretary.
Company's Office, Sydney, 3rd August. 2204

LOYAL WEST CUMBERLAND LODGE, No. 8 OF THE AUSTRALIAN SUPREME GRAND LODGE OF INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODD FELLOWS, PENRITH.

THE Anniversary Dinner of the above Lodge will be held at Brother Perry's, Rose Inn, Penrith, on WEDNESDAY, the 16th instant.
Tickets—Ten shillings and sixpence each. May be had of the undermentioned
STEWARDS.
Sydney—Brothers Elliott, Titterton, Rintel, Jaques.
Parramatta—Brother M'Roberts.
Windsor—Brother Atkinson.
Penrith—Brothers Roberts, Landers, and Hand.
Dinner to be on the table at six o'clock P.M. Professional gentlemen engaged for the occasion.
A coach will be in attendance to carry Brothers to and from Parramatta and Penrith (gratis.)
Visitors admitted, subject to the approval of the Stewards.
By order of the N. G.,
CHARLES MUNN, Secretary.
Lodge Room, Penrith, August 9. 2193

ANCIENT ORDER OF FORESTERS.

THE OFFICERS and BRETHREN of the various Courts of Sydney are hereby respectfully requested to meet the District Officers at Brother John Pomroy Bond's,
ROYAL OAK INN, MILLER'S POINT,
On Monday Evening, the 14th of August instant, at half-past 7 o'clock precisely, for the purpose of
OPENING A NEW COURT,
in connection with our Ancient Order.
JOHN HOLMAN, D. Secretary.

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF BATHURST.

GENTLEMEN,—I thank you for the great honour which you have conferred on me by returning me as the Representative of your very important district. When it was proposed to me to stand for your county, I knew that my success must depend more on the kindness of my friends, than on my own personal exertions; but whatever might be the result, I felt that it was my duty to place my humble services at your disposal, and to stand or fall by your judgments. You have been pleased to distinguish my election, by your very liberal and disinterested conduct, in not permitting me to incur any expense: thus vindicating the purity of your own exertions, and completing the triumph of public opinion over private interests. The contest being now over, I trust that no angry feelings will remain, but that I shall for the future meet you all, my supporters and opponents in the election alike, as my friends and constituents, and that my conduct as your representative may secure your approval.

I have the honour to remain, Gentlemen,
Your very obedient servant,
2194 J. B. DARVALL.

TO ALFRED CHEEKE, ESQ., LATELY A CANDIDATE FOR THE REPRESENTATION OF THE UNITED COUNTIES OF COOK AND WESTMORELAND, AND A "GOVERNMENT OFFICER."

SIR,—In reply to your *complimentary* address to the electors of the counties, (in the *Sydney Morning Herald*, of 4th instant), I beg leave to state that although not ignorant of your being a *Government Officer*, yet I as well as many of my brother requisitionists, were, when induced to sign this document, carefully kept ignorant of the purport of Lord Stanley's despatch to Sir George Gipps, to which you referred in your speech at Wilberforce, and which you candidly admitted on that occasion was not altogether done away with by the subsequent despatch of Earl Grey.

Do you remember the quotation which you specially translated for my worthy friend John Hoskingson—

"Magna est veritas et prevalebit."

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,
ALFRED JONES.
Look-Out Hill, Kourajong,
August 5, 1848. 2138

CUMBERLAND BOROUGHS.

THE Friends of William Bowman, Esq., M.C., have resolved on giving a Public Dinner to that gentleman, at Fisher's Royal Oak Inn, Macquarie-street, Windsor, on Friday, the 11th August, instant.
Dinner on the table at six o'clock precisely.
Tickets (not transferable) to be had of any of the following Stewards:—
James Atkinson, Windsor.
Thomas Champion, Windsor.
Joseph Cape, Windsor.
James Cullen, Richmond Road.
John Ducker, Richmond.
Richard Dunston, Windsor.
J. A. Earl, Richmond.
J. H. Gunsell, Richmond.
George Guest, Richmond.
Daniel Hariskey, Richmond.
Robert Johnston, Windsor.
Thomas Parnell, Richmond.
Thomas Tebbutt, Windsor.
Windsor, 3rd August. 2050

TO THE OWNERS, CAPTAINS OF SHIPS, AND SHIPPING AGENTS.

THE Undersigned begs to state that he has commenced the business of Ship Chandler, at premises situate in Macquarie-place, adjoining the Custom House Hotel, and solicits the patronage of the owners and commanders of vessels, and those connected with the shipping interests of this port, and in transacting the business he may be favoured with, he will earnestly endeavour, by punctuality and integrity, to merit a continuance of that preference.
GEORGE L. ROBINSON, Macquarie-place,
1982 Adjoining the Custom House Hotel.

THOMAS DUN begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has resumed his business of Commission Agent, and in connection with which (having taken that Wharf formerly occupied by the late Mr. John Stilwell,) also that of Wharfinger and Shipping Agent, and begs to state that any business intrusted to him shall meet with every attention and despatch, and every means used to obtain the highest market prices. Remittances and orders shall have prompt attention. Goods for shipment stored free of expense.
Dun's, late Stilwell's Wharf,
Sussex-street, August 1. 1819

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

JAMES CHARLES THORNTON, Upholsterer, Mattress and Palliasse Manufacturer, respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he has removed from that part of the Labour Bazaar lately occupied by him, to Mr. George Hill's Buildings, 216, Pitt-street, where he will be able to work for his customers at much lower charges than he has ever been able to make, having reduced his expenses to one-third what they have been.
N.B.—All work warranted in writing as usual; no tarred rope used in flax mattresses, or dyed flax in hair work. References can be given by J. C. T. to some, and, in fact, most of the first families in the colony.
July 18. 2221

REMOVAL. — Messrs. Smith and Campbell, from Campbell's Wharf, to the new stores in Spring-street. 1997

THE GREATEST CURES OF ANY MEDICINE IN THE GLOBE.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

SURPRISING CURE OF RHEUMATISM.

"Little Bally Bong, Port Phillip Road, "January 16, 1848.
"I hereby certify, that my wife, Lydia Rochford, was affected with Rheumatism in the head for fifteen months, and although attended by good medical practitioners she got no relief. It so affected the palate of her mouth, *so much so that she could not articulate her words properly*. I was advised to try Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which I did administer to her, and she continued to use them for two months. I can now say they have restored her to her usual state of good health: and for the sake of humanity I now make this public.
"(Signed) JAMES ROCHFORD."

THIS WONDERFUL MEDICINE CAN BE RECOMMENDED WITH THE GREATEST CONFIDENCE FOR ANY OF THE FOLLOWING DISEASES:—

Ague	Jaundice
Asthma	Liver Complaints
Bilious Complaints	Lumbago
Blotches on the Skin	Piles
Bowel Complaints	Prickly Heat
Colics	Rheumatism
Constipation of the Bowels	Retention of Urine
	Sore Throats
Consumption	Scrofula or King's Evil
Debility	Stone and Gravel
Dropsy	Secondary Symptoms
Dysentery	Tic-Douloureux
Erysipelas	Tumours
Female Irregularities	Turn of Life
Fevers of all kinds	Ulcers
Fits	Venereal Affections
Gout	Worms of all kinds
Head-ache	Weakness, from whatever causes,
Indigestion	
Inflammation	&c., &c.

These truly invaluable Pills can be obtained at the Establishment of Professor HOLLOWAY, near Temple Bar, London, of most respectable Vendors of Medicines throughout the civilised world, and of
J. K. HEYDON, Wholesale Agent, 78, King-street, Sydney.
N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.
SUB-AGENTS
of whom *only* the medicines may be confidently purchased.
SYDNEY.—Mrs. Lewis, tobacconist, Brickfield-hill; Mr. Cleary, shoemaker, King-street; Mr. Alder, chemist, Parramatta-street; Mr. Michael Dalton, grocer, 3, Campbell-street.
The country agents will be added in another advertisement. 1822

GEORGE CHISHOLM.
253, PITT-STREET,

HAS determined to dispose of the whole of his remaining stock of winter drapery, at a considerable reduction from his former low prices.
It is not his intention to give a long list of *low priced* goods for the purpose of making up a puffing advertisement, but begs to assure both
TOWN AND COUNTRY BUYERS,
that they will find this an excellent opportunity to purchase from a well assorted stock, at prices much lower than they usually give for similar articles.
A large lot of gala plaids, plaid shawls, woollen capes, and Berlin wool goods
Watered silk and satin mantles and scarfs
Rich Cashmere, de Laine, and corded Ottoman dresses
Kidderminster and Brussels carpets, druggets and hearth rugs, and many other goods too numerous to particularize, will be found particularly deserving of notice.
July 17. 97

FLOORCLOTHS.

ANDREW LENEHAN has receive in addition to his extensive assortment of Floorcloths, a choice selection
EX LIMA
Together with a further importation
EX COUNTESS OF YARBOROUGH.
expressly selected to his own order, of the richest and most superb designs, and at a considerable reduction in the prices generally charged.
Upholstery and Floorcloth Establishment,
287, Castlereagh-street. 2031

A. DREUTLER'S FOREIGN DEPOT,
OPPOSITE
PORTER AND PEEK'S,
George-street.

J. V. M. WEISS begs to apprise his old friends and customers, that, assisted by a few friends, he has recommenced his former retail business in the Drapery and Haberdashery line, at the shop recently occupied by Augustus Dreutler, with the intention of selling every article in those departments at the very lowest possible remunerating profit for CASH ONLY.
August 5. 2053

NEW DRAPERY GOODS.

JUST OPENED, eight cases of new drapery goods, as follows:—
1 Case elegant printed cashmere dresses, which will be offered at little more than hal price
2 Cases superior dark prints
1 Ditto cachmere bordered and filled shawls
2 Ditto furniture dimities
1 Ditto linen huckabacks
1 Ditto assorted hosiery of the best makes
The whole of the above goods have been marked at a very low figure, and are well worthy of attention, at
PITE AND PRESTON'S,
2241 Emporium, 263, Pitt-street.

FRENCH MILLINERY.

MISS DYER begs to call the attention of her friends and the Ladies of Sydney to a select assortment of French and British Millinery, just opened, comprising a variety of Flowers, Ladies' Morning Caps, a few handsome Bonnets, and some perfectly new designs in plain and fancy Head Dresses, suitable for the coming Ball. 2243

CLEARING-OUT.

STOCK must be sold off by the 25th September, premises being let.
Great bargains are offered to all classes of buyers in drapery, hosiery, and haberdashery, at
MRS. PERKINS,
467, George-street.
Terms—Cash.
August 7. 2200

CHEAP AND STANDARD LITERATURE.

MESSRS. W. AND F. FORD have the pleasure to announce that they have received their usual large supply of works published by Messrs. W. and R. Chambers, comprising—
Chambers' Journal, new series, vol. 8
" Journal, complete sets, vols. 1 to 8
" Information for the People, 2 vols., royal 8vo.
" Cyclopædia of Literature, 2 vols., royal 8vo.
" Miscellany of Tracts, complete, vols. 1 to 20
These works, the cheapest, perhaps, ever issued from the press, have been found suitable for libraries in prisons and other public establishments, libraries in the army and navy, parish libraries, libraries of mechanics' institutes, libraries in servants' halls, &c.

CHAMBERS'S PEOPLE'S EDITIONS.

Anxious to promote a taste for an improving kind of reading among the less opulent classes of the community, Messrs. Chambers have published a series of reprints of approved works in all departments of literature; and in such a form (royal octavo) as to combine extreme cheapness with good appearance, readableness, and durability. The books have been selected with regard to the amusement, instruction, and moral improvement of the people. The series also includes *Original Works* of an entertaining and instructive character, and *Translations* of the most approved productions of foreign writers.

REPRINTS	s.	d.
Clarke's Travels in Russia, Tartary, and Turkey	3	0
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The following School Maps, mounted, may be had separately—
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NOBLE AND ROLLS'S VARNISHES.

THE undersigned has just received, direct from the manufacturers, an assortment of Varnishes of the first quality, consisting of—
Copal
Coachmakers' carriage
Ditto body
Painters' Carriage
Wainscot
Oak
Black Japan, and
Gold size.
The whole of which will be sold at a very reduced price.
CHARLES CHAPMAN,
1329 Next to the Post Office.

ON SALE BY THE UNDERSIGNED—
Woolpacks, woolbagging, and tarpaulins
Hemp and tow three-bushel bags
Canvas, cordage, and sewing twine
Lochfine herrings in half-barrels
Martell's brandy, and B.P. rum
Port and sherry wine in wood and bottle
Woodhouse's Marsala, in hogsheads and quarter casks
Tarragona wine, in pipes and hogsheads
Tea, sugar, and coffee
Striped shirts, moleskin trousers, beaver and silk hats
Gala plaids, de laines, checks, grey domestics, handkerchiefs, &c., &c.
Earthenware, glass, pipes
Boiler plate, angle and rivet iron
Hoop and pig iron
Post, foolscap, tea, and brown paper
Millstones, iron ploughs, and thrashing machines.
GILCHRIST & ALEXANDER.
August 4. 2014

FOR SALE.—102 trusses Van Diemen's Hay, now landing at Campbell and Co.'s Wharf, ex Prince of Wales. Apply to GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER.
August 8. 2229

THE MAYOR'S FANCY BALL,

SPLENDID gold and silver fringe, lace, cords, and other trimmings, suitable for the occasion, on sale at LENEHAN'S Upholstery and Floorcloth Establishment, 287, Castlereagh-street. 2237

IT IS A FACT,
WHICH WILL BE BORNE OUT
BY EXPERIENCE,

THAT ALLEN'S SOAP is the best in the market. If you doubt it, ask at your grocer's for "ALLEN'S BEST SOAP"—try it, and let your own experience speak for its truth. You will know it by its superior appearance, and having on every bar the stamp—
WM. B. ALLEN,
10894 Sydney.

COMFITS AND LOZENGES.—On sale by the undersigned,
R. B. COOKE,
Wholesale and Export Confectioner, Manufacturer of Vinegar and Pickles, No. 16, Hunter-street, second door from Bligh-street. 100

AMERICAN SPERM CANDLES, for sale, by S. WILKINSON, JUN., Macquarie-place. 2066

REAL Derwent potatoes, by the bag or ton
Seed potatoes, Cape barley, and oats
Corn chandlery and forage of every description supplied at a very low price, free of cartage, from a large stock always on hand.
JOHN FEARNLEY,
Corn Factor, &c.,
Stores and Sheds,
2201 Lower George-street.

KANGAROO SKINS.—Just landed, by the undersigned—
2 Cases first-quality kangaroo skins, in lots to suit purchasers.
2199 SHEPPARD AND ALGER.

FOR SALE, ex Ralph Bernal, a few tons *English Coals*. Apply to
J. B. METCALFE.
August 9. 2811

TO SMALL CAPITALISTS.
TO BE DISPOSED OF FOR £25

A TOBACCONIST'S SHOP, well established, and situated in one of the greatest thoroughfares in Sydney, with fixtures, gas, and everything complete.
The proprietor is compelled to relinquish business in consequence of not being able to attend to it, having other engagements t occupy him.
For further particulars apply by letter, post-paid, addressed to W. W. W., *Herald* Office. 2210

TO SHIPPERS OF STOCK FROM NEWCASTLE.

THE undersigned begs to inform settlers, merchants, owners, and captains of vessels and others interested in the shipment of live stock from Newcastle, that he is prepared to fit up vessels for the conveyance of horses, cattle, or sheep, at the shortes notice and at reasonable prices.
2326 S. KEMP.

IMPORTANT TO DRAPERS OR STOREKEEPERS.

TO be disposed of immediately, one of the most lucrative ready money concerns in the colony, situate a convenient distance from the metropolis.
The proprietor will afford every facility to any party who may wish to treat for the same, and give satisfactory reasons for disposing of so profitable a business.
As this is an opportunity that seldom offers, none but principals prepared with capital will be treated with.
Address by letter post paid, X. Y. Z., Mr. Charles Newton, Pitt-street. 1610

TALLOW

THE undersigned is a purchaser of Mutton and Beef Tallow, in shipping order.
PHILIP HART,
1774 London House, George-street South.

NOTICES of Births, Deaths, and Marriages, must be authenticated and paid for as advertisements, or they will not be inserted.

VICTORIA, BY THE GRACE OF GOD, OF THE UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND, QUEEN DEFENDER OF THE FAITH, &c.

To the next of kin of John Nicholson late of Prestonville, Port Stephens, in the Colony of New South Wales, Shipbuilder, deceased.

WHEREAS, it has been represented unto our Supreme Court of New South Wales, by the proctor of Richard Dawson, of Sydney, in the said colony, Ironfounder, a creditor of the said deceased, that the said John Nicholson late of Prestonville, Port Stephens, in the said colony, shipbuilder, departed this life on or about the ninth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight, (having at the time of his death goods, chattels, and credits, in the colony aforesaid), intestate. We do, therefore, hereby peremptorily cite you and each of you, to appear personally, or by your proctor, duly constituted, before your said Court, at the Court House, in King-street, Sydney, on the twelfth day of August next, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon of the same day, and there to abide if occasion shall require, during the sitting of the said Court, and then and there to accept or refuse letters of administration of all, and singular the goods, chattels, and credits, of the said deceased, or otherwise to show sufficient cause of you, or either of you, have or know any, why the same should not be committed to the said Richard Dawson, a creditor of the said deceased, on giving sufficient security, and further to do and receive as to law and justice shall appertain under pain of such letters of administration, being granted to the said Richard Dawson, as a creditor of the said deceased. Witness, the Honorable Sir Alfred Stephen, Knight, our Chief Justice of Our Supreme Court of New South Wales, the twenty-seventh day of July, in the year of our Lord, 1848.

Signed G. P. F. GREGORY, [L.S.]
2109 Registrar.

PUBLIC NOTICE. — All accounts against N. S. Lawson, Esq., on account of the late Election, are particularly requested to be forwarded immediately to Mr. Hugh Taylor, Sen., Parramatta.
JAMES F. PLUNKETT,
J. HAMILTON.
N.B.—All accounts to be sent in duplicate, accompanied by vouchers.
Parramatta, August 5. 2055

SHIP JAMES SCOTT.

CONSIGNEES of goods by the above-named vessel are requested to pass entries immediately for Campbell's Wharf.
Tuesday, August 8. 2214

NOTICE. — The public are hereby cautioned by the undersigned against harbouring or employing my wife, Mary Brien, better known as Mary Walker, now residing at Windsor, or they will, after this notice, be prosecuted according to law.
EDWARD BRIEN.
Bathurst, August 5. 2197

WANTED, at North Shore, or Balmain, by a Lady and Gentleman, a parlour and bedroom, with attendance. Address M., post-paid, at the office of this paper. 2164

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.

August 8.—Joseph Cripps, schooner, 78 tons, Captain Chard, from Hobart Town, the 2nd instant. Passengers—Mr. Greig, and Mr. W. Rayner.

August 8.—Lady Margaret, brig, 284 tons, Captain Mills, returned to port.

August 8.—Ganges, ship, 430 tons, Captain Blanshard, from London, having left the Downs on the 25th April. Passengers—Miss Donovan, Miss Newport, Miss Harrison, Messrs. J. and M. Purston, Mr. Buckley, Mr. Morton, Mr. Bird, Mr. C. Tooth, Mr. Ritchie, Mr. Patrick O'Tourle and child, Mr. M'Naughton and son, Mr. German, and Mr. Judges.

August 8.—Despatch, schooner, 139 tons, Captain Plant, from Port Nicholson, the 25th July, in ballast.

August 8.—Sarah Ann, schooner, 184 tons, Captain Dunnett, from Otago, New Zealand, the 22nd July, in ballast.

August 8.—Tamar, steamer, 130 tons, Captain Allen, from Moreton Bay the 1st instant. Passengers—Mr. Le Breton, Mr. Hope, Mr. Little, Mr. Edwards, Mr. Raine, thirteen in the steerage, four prisoners, and one constable.

DEPARTURES.

August 8.—City of Sydney, brig, 106 tons, Captain Tulloch, resumed her voyage for Launceston.

August 8.—Sarah, brig, 130 tons, Captain Grant, for Launceston.

August 8.—Amazon, schooner, 105 tons, Captain Howell, for the South Sea Fishery. Passengers—Mr. and Mrs. Boniface and three children.

August 8.—Emma, brig, 139 tons, Captain Pockley, for Hobart Town. Passengers—Mrs. Macpherson, two sons, two daughters, and servant, Miss Hay, Miss Hewlet, Mrs. Richardson and two sons, Miss Richardson, Mr. Richardson, junior, Mrs. Cornell, Mr. Macfarlane, Mr. and Mrs. Hoggins, Mrs. Gibbons, Mr. D. C. Chambers, and Mr. Charles Bruce.

CLEARANCES.

August 8.—Dauntless, brig, 218 tons, Captain Thom, for Launceston, in ballast. Passengers—Mrs. Thom and son, Miss Kirby.

August 8.—Honduras, barque, 392 tons, Captain Cayzer, for London. Passengers—Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Glandfield, Mr. Gilbert Elliott, Mr. James Chapman, Mr. Henry Cook, Mr. White, Mr. J. P. Green, and Mr. T. Davis.

PROJECTED DEPARTURES.

This Day.—Hyderabad, for Madras; Catherine, for Hobart Town; Dauntless, Freak, and Thomas Lord, for Launceston; Union, for the Mauritius; Daniel Grant, for Adelaide.

To-Morrow.—Lima, for Singapore; William, for Launceston; Honduras, for London; Mary Ann, for Tahiti.

COASTERS INWARDS.

August 8.—William the Fourth, steamer, 54, Sullivan, from Wollongong, with 160 bags wheat, 1000 feet cedar, 20 trusses hay, 130 kegs butter, 40 pigs, 15 calves.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.

August 8.—Thistle, steamer, 127, Mulhall, for Morpeth, with sundries; William the Fourth, steamer, 54, Sullivan, for Wollongong, with sundries; Jenny Lind, 33, Peattie, for the Hunter, with sundries; Young Queen, 31, Maw, for Morpeth, with sundries; James and Amelia, 36, Giles, for Twofold Bay, with sundries; Port Phillip, 43, Ramsay, for the Bellinger River, with sundries.

IMPORTS.

August 8.—Ganges, ship, 430 tons, Captain Blanshard, from London—84 packages British manufactures, Gilchrist and Alexander; 19 bundles iron, 25 iron ploughs, 2 bundles spades, 2 bundles trypans, 1 basket hones, 15 kegs nails, 4 bundles spades, 24 camp ovens and covers, 16 iron pots, 6 boxes tin plates, 2 cases 3 bundles, 3 casks, 1 tierce, and 1 basket hardware, 1 box, 1 cask, J. and M. Andrews; 2 cases, A. Sillitoe; 1 case, W. Walker and Co.; 41 cases, 11 casks, E. C. Weekes; 1 case, G. Whitfield; 6 casks shot, 3 sheets lead, 1193 bars and 71 bundles iron, 7 barrels tar, 138 waggon boxes, 6 furnace doors, 6 grates, 12 bars, 12 truck wheels, 55 iron pots, 66 iron weights, 164 sash weights, 1 bundle zinc, 5 casks 10 kegs 2 bundles and 1 case British goods, A. Hawley and Co.; 1 parcel, Bishop of Newcastle; 50 kegs manufactured tobacco, 50 hogsheads brandy, 2 cases flint glass, Lamb and Parbury; 9 hogsheads brandy, 100 cases Geneva, W. Long; 20 hogshead beer, 2 cases, Griffiths, Fanning, and Co.; 15 cases books, 50 hogsheads beer, 6 cases, 4 bales, Flower, Salting, and Co.; 13 bales paper, 2 cases, 1 cask, J. M'Donald; 2 cases, J. Hordern; 3 bales, 3 cases, A. and L. Hordern; 4 cases, W. C. Botts; 3 cases, J. Melville; 1 case wearing apparel, J. Donaldson; 1 box garden seeds, Thomas Taylor; 1 case silver plate, Miss Newport; 5 cases, 4 boxes, A. Droutler; 40 hogsheads brandy, 2 cases, F. Elsworth; 1 case, Cowper; 100 hogsheads beer, 30 hogsheads brandy, 7 rams, 983 bars and 80 bundles iron, 81 cases 3 casks merchandise, Cooper and Holt; 1 case cheese, G. Everett, (New England); 1 box, Rev. J. Beasley; 2 cases, Sir Charles Fitz Roy; 2 hogsheads, 11 bundles, and 1 case merchandise, C. Scott; 12 octaves Spanish and 24 cases French wine, Macintosh and Hirst; 1 case, Captain Fotheringham; 1 case, Rev. W. Boyce; 3 cases, 2 crates, 19 casks, J. Solomon; 1 case, L. J. Cetta; 3 cases, Government; 1 case, W. J. Green; 1 case, Rev. N. Turner; 1 hogshead Spanish wine, T. Tourle; 1 case, Captain Battie; 2 casks 2 cases 1 keg, T. Woolley; 7 bales 4 cases, J. Thompson and Son; 5 bales 4 cases, M'Arthur and Little; 4 cases 1 crate, S. S. and J. Davis; 34 half-hogsheads beer, A. M'Gaa; 180 casks beer, 3 cases, Smith and Campbell; 3 casks corks, 21 pockets hops, R. and E. Tooth; 12 crates, P. Hart; 8 cases, A. Fotheringham; 31 casks 10 cases and 6 boxes merchandise, George Thorne and Co.; 20 bales and 8 cases paper, 2 cases stationery, Rowand, Macnab, and Co.; 1 case, J. R. and A. F. Wilshire; 2 hogsheads wine, 4 cases, 3 casks, R. Campbell, tertius; 18 cases and 4 hogsheads port, 15 cases French, and 2 hogsheads Teneriffe wine, 134 casks beer, 3 cases, 2 cases, and 1 bale merchandise, Lyall, Scott, and Co.; 28 packages, B. S. Lloyd; 2 quarter-casks and 3 cases wine, E. Hamilton; 12 casks, 1 bundle, 1 case, 1 keg, L. Iredale; 4 carrotels currants, 2 cases hard soap, 4 cases and 10 barrels raisins, 10 bundles prunes, 2 cases figs, 4 cases eau de Cologne, 1 case perfumery, 1 piano, 57 packages, 10 cases, 15 bales and 2 casks merchandise, Smith, Croft, and Co.; 7 cases, 1 cask, W. Inglis; 7 cases, Thacker and Co.; 11 trunks boots and shoes, R. Ramsay and Co.; 1 box, T. M. Perrott; 1 cask, Captain Ashmore; 1 case brushes, Joubert and Murphy; 1 case, Flavelle and Brush; 2 cases, W. L. Gorden; 3 boxes type, A. Mason; 1 box, Smith; 1 case, J. Lazarus; 2 cases, E. Ellershaw (Port Phillip); 12 pockets hops, 1 cask beer, 1 case, Order.

August 8.—Joseph Cripps, schooner, 78 tons, Captain Chard, from Hobart Town: 30 tons flour, 500 bushels wheat, 2 cases apples, 1 case jams, 100 staves, J. Cook; 12 cases jam, 2000 feet timber, 11 casks and 12 cases apples, 1 bundle and 1 case kangaroo skins, 4 tons flour, W. D. Chard; 21 barrels cement, 4 barrels glue, order; 15 packages fruit, George Small.

EXPORTS.

August 8.—Honduras, barque, 392 tons, Captain Cayzer, for London: 19 casks tallow, L. Myles; 38 casks tallow, 66 bales wool, Swain, Webbs, and Co.; 28 casks tallow, A. B. Spark; 142 casks tallow, 21 bales wool, W. Hindson; 83 casks tallow, 71 bales wool, 444 hides, 7 bales leather, Flower, Salting, and Co.; 80 casks tallow, 86 bales wool, 266 hides, Gilchrist and Alexander; 66 bales wool, 53 casks tallow, Montefiore, Graham, and Co.; 23 casks tallow, Gore Brothers; 1 hide tallow, H. Palmer; 156 hides, H. Dangar; 784 hides, A. M'Ilwaine; 3 casks seal skins, Campbell and Co.; 2 tierces beef, 1 tierce tongues, J. Tucks; 1 box specimens natural history, 2 logs wood, J. C. Bidwell; 1 box papers, T. Bell; 1 case specimens natural history, Griffiths, Fanning, and Co.; 705 bags copper ore, Boyd and Co.; 52 casks cocoanut oil, J. S. Willis; 140 bales wool, J. T. Armitage and Co.; 6 bales wool, O. Bloxsome; 42 bales wool, T. Holt, jun.; 56 bales wool, A. Brierley; 6 bales wool, George Small; 1 case specimens natural history, F. Strange; 6000 treenails, H. C. Cayzer. Total—559 bales wool, 466 casks and 1 hide tallow, 1650 hides, 705 bags copper ore, 52 casks cocoanut oil, 7 bales leather, 6000 treenails, 3 cases specimens natural history, 2 logs wood, 1 box papers, 3 casks seal skins, 3 tierces beef and tongues.

August 8.—Catherine, schooner, 163 tons, Captain Dryden, for Hobart Town: 8 hogsheads 14 quarter-casks and 30 cases port wine, Brown and Co.; 3 casks oranges, F. Myers; 1 case hardware, B. S. Lloyd; 88 logs cedar, James Cook; 80 tons coals, George Dryden.

SHIPS' MAILS.

Mails will be closed at the Post Office as follow:—

For the Indian Ports and England (overland).—By the Lima, for Singapore, this evening, at six.

For Tahiti.—By the Mary Ann, this evening, at six.

For London.—By the Honduras, (P.O.P.), evening, at six.

For Auckland.—By the Cheerful, to-morrow evening, at six.

WRECKS OF THE LIVERPOOL EMIGRANT SHIP OMEGA, AND THE BARBARA, OF HALIFAX.

LOSS OF ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY LIVES.

The *New York Courier and Inquirer* gives the following account of the wreck of an emigrant ship from this port:—"The British ship Omega, Captain Garrick, 1300 tons, from Liverpool to New York, with 327 passengers, consigned to James Reyburn, was fallen in with February 12th, longitude 53·34, by the barque Highland Mary, at this port. Th Omega had lost spars, sails, rudder, &c., in a hurricane, and was leaking badly. Several vessels were in sight at the time; 140 of the passengers, chiefly women and children, were taken on board the British barque Aurora, of Alnwich, bound to St. John's, N.B.; 163, including Dr. Hartnett, the surgeon of the ship, and part of the crew, by the brig Barbara, Cook, of Halifax, for New York, and the remaining twenty-four, together with the captain, chief officer, and twenty of the crew of the Highland Mary, Captain Gilles, who, having been taken sick with the ship fever, the vessel was navigated to this port by Captain Garrick. Unfortunately, the second officer of the Omega and four seamen were drowned whilst engaged in saving the passengers."

We learn from the *Public Ledger*, a St. John's, Newfoundland paper, of the 7th ult., with a copy of which we have been politely favoured, that the Omega had been left to the mercy of the waves for about a week when the America fell in with her, took off about half the passengers, and would have taken the whole, with, of course, a sufficient quantity of provisions for their subsistence, (the captain having kindly and humanely offered and promised to do so), had not a violent gale sprung up and separated the two vessels. In returning from the transfer of these passengers, the Omega lost her pinnace, containing the second mate and four hands. The *Ledger* thus describes the fate of the Omega, and also the loss of the Barbara, with 115 lives:—

"Afterwards (on the 11th February) the brig Barbara, of Halifax, for New York, bound to Cork, fell in with the Omega, and had taken off all but thirty of the crew and passengers (which thirty included the captain and first mate) when, as in the former instance, a heavy gale coming on, the Barbara was compelled to part company with the Omega (which, from her disabled state, it is conjectured went down that night) and she bore away for this port; but in the act of wearing ship lost two of her boats. She subsequently made Renews, which the captain took to be Cape Breton, having been misled by the Omega's chronometer, which he had received on board, and which was out of order. The boatswain, second mate, and one of the hands of the Omega then went on shore at Renews for the purpose of getting a pilot to take the Barbara in, and to take off some water, but the pilot refused to go further than halfway between the shore and the brig, observing that she was too far off, and that he would wait until she came in, the other boat pulling after the vessel. In the mean time, the Barbara attempted a course for St. John's, and in doing so mistook Heart's Point (near Petty Harbour) for Cape Spear, weathered the point, and got into a cove close to the 'spout,' where she was becalmed, and was drifted inwards by the lolly, when about a dozen of the crew and passengers of the Omega succeeded in getting on shore upon the rocks from the jib-boom end, and one of the seamen of the Omega asked the mate of the Barbara for a hawser to make fast on shore, so as to land the passengers. This, however, was not done. The wind shortly afterwards veered more to the eastward, and the brig again got round the point, when she surged against the cliff and stove her bow. Immediately about thirty of the crew and passengers managed to get on shore by the help of a small line. In the mean time the master of the Barbara, both mates, woman and a child, took to the small boat and drifted off. In about four minutes after the boat had left, the vessel fell over on her side and went down, and, melancholy to relate, carried with her about one hundred and fifteen souls!

The Lady Margaret has returned to port in consequence of having too much dead weight in. She sailed hence for London on Saturday last, at three P.M., and after being at sea about an hour, it was found necessary to double reef the top-sails, main try-sail, and furl the jib main-sail. Even with so little press of canvas on, she laboured heavily, the sea making continual breaches over, her and the captain finding it would be dangerous to prosecute his voyage, bore up again, it being his intention to discharge about seventy tons copper ore.

The Ganges has made a quick passage of one hundred and four days from the Downs.—She made Cape Nelson on the 26th July, but meeting there with a continuation of easterly winds, was compelled to round Van Diemen's Land, which circumstance has considerably prolonged her voyage. She reports having spoken on the 8th instant the whaling barque Eamont, of Hobart Town, bound in, having been eleven months out.

The Despatch and Sarah Ann have both been within a short distance of the Heads since Saturday last, but owing to the heavy south-west gales were unable to make the port. The former vessel reports having been in company with a barque, brig, and a schooner off Cape Three Points, on Sunday last, and a full-rigged ship the following day, all apparently bound for Sydney. The Despatch had a long and tedious passage hence to Port Nicholson, and lost a considerable quantity of her stock. The Sarah Ann was fifteen days only on her passage hence to Otago, and lost sixty sheep out of one thousand. The barque Victoria, from London the 14th March, arrived at Otago on the 7th June, with forty cabin and intermediate passengers, a large quantity of specie, and a general cargo for the Company's settlements. She reported that two large ships were to sail from Greenock and London early in June for Otago, with emigrants. The barque Fair Tasmania, from Hobart Town, with stock, arrived at Otago on the 1st July, having lost only sixty-five sheep out of 178. She landed the whole of her cattle (sixty-two) in excellent condition. The Sarah Ann put into Broken Bay on Saturday last from stress of weather, and remained there until yesterday morning.

The Tamar left Moreton Bay on the 1st instant, but the following day was compelled to seek shelter in Seal Rock Bay, from the southerly gale; and again in Port Stephens on Sunday last. Her cargo comprises 56 bales wool, 25 casks tallow, and 305 hides. The schooner Secret sailed from Brisbane for Sydney on the 29th July. The schoners Jane, Clarissa, Columbine, and Elizabeth Jane, were loading for Sydney when the Tamar left.

Models of Naval Architecture.—The builders of yachts and other scientific men should inspect two first-rate models, constructed by Mr. Duncan Sinclair, the eminent yacht builder, of London: one of them is a schooner, and the other a cutter, on a scale of one inch to the foot. The models were lately imported by Captain White, of the barque Sydney, and may now be seen at Hooper's, King's Head Inn, Lower George-street. We recommend all persons who are fond of aquatic sports, as well as builders, to examine these models.

DIARY.

MEMORANDA FOR THIS DAY.

August.		Sun rises	Sun sets	High water morn	High water even
9	Wednesday	6 43	5 17	4 44	5 17

Full Moon, 20 minutes past 6 A.M., August 15

THE
Sydney Morning Herald.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 9, 1848.

"Sworn to no Master, of no Sect am I."

COLONIAL BANK AFFAIRS.

The General Abstract of the sworn Returns of the average Assets and Liabilities of the Colonial Banks, for the quarter ended 30th June, 1848, having been published in the *Government Gazette* of Friday last, we proceed to institute our usual comparison thereof with the Abstracts of the previous quarter and the corresponding quarter of last year.

1. Notes in Circulation.

June, 1847.	March, 1848.	June, 1848.
£241,038	£256,162	£240,268

Per cent.
Decrease in the year ..£770—or, 0¼
" in the quarter ..15,894—or, 6½

A decrease of circulation in the *year* has occurred in all the Banks except the Union.

	Decrease.	Per cent.
New South Wales	£ 28	......
Commercial	2,621	5¼
Australasia	3,865	4½
	Increase.	
Union	5,746	7½

In the *quarter*, a decrease has occurred in all the Banks.

	Decrease.	Per cent.
New South Wales	£1,612	4½
Commercial	686	1½
Australasia	5,341	6½
Union	8,254	9

Of each £100 of the aggregate note circulation, during the last two quarters respectively, the several Banks contributed the following proportions.

	March. £ s.	June. £ s.
New South Wales	13 14	13 18
Commercial	18 3	19 2
Australasia	32 9	32 8
Union	35 14	34 12
	£100 0	£100 0

It hence appears that the decrease of the quarter has occurred principally with the English Banks;

The two Colonials having decreased by £ 2,298
And the two English by 13,595

The ratio of each to the whole circulation has thus undergone the following alteration:—

	March.	June.
Colonial Banks	£31 17s.	£33
English "	68 3	67
	£100 0	£100

2. Bills in Circulation.

June, 1847.	March, 1848.	June, 1848.
£19,478	£22,148	£17,597

Per cent.
Decrease in the year ....£1,881—or, 9½
" in the quarter ..4,551—or, 21½

In the *year*, the amount of Bills has declined in the Commercial from £7,742 to £87; while it has increased in the Bank of Australasia from £8,786 to £11,402, and in the Union from £2,949 to £6,103.

In the *quarter*, there has been a decrease in the Commercial and Australasian; while in the Union there has been an alteration of two shillings only.

3. Deposits.

June, 1847.	March, 1848.	June, 1848.
£1,299,092	£1,248,568	£1,227,684

Per cent.
Decrease in the year ....£71,408—or, 5½
" in the quarter ..20,884—or, 1¾

Both in the *year* and in the *quarter*, the Deposits have increased in the Bank of New South Wales and the Union; and have decreased in the others.

		Per cent.
Increase in the Year.		
New South Wales	£10,896—or	4½
Union	18,416—or	4¼
Decrease in the Year.		
Commercial	£33,212—or	17¾
Australasia	67,503—or	15½
Increase in the Quarter.		
New South Wales	£9,668—or	4
Union	369	
Decrease in the Quarter.		
Commercial	£2,761—or	1¾
Australasia	28,158—or	7

The proportion per cent. of Deposits held by the several Banks, in each of the last two quarters, was about as follows:—

	March.	June.
New South Wales	£19 11s	£20 13s.
Commercial	12 11	12 11
Australasia	31 17	30 2
Union	36 1	36 14
	£100 0	£100 0

It is a curious accident that in the Commercial Bank the proportion should have remained precisely the same.

4. Coin.

June, 1847.	March, 1848.	June, 1848.
£740,245	£578,839	£587,239

Per cent.
Decrease in the year ..£153,000—or, 20½
Increase in the quarter. 8,400—or, 1½

In the *year*, the amount of coin has fallen off in all the Banks; and in the *quarter*, in all except the Union.

		Per cent.
Decrease in the Year.		
New South Wales	£30,678—or	19½
Commercial	33,914—or	34
Australasia	600—or	0½
Union	87,813—or	28½
Decrease in the Quarter.		
New South Wales	£ 1,404—or	1
Commercial	8,161—or	11
Australasia	17,873—or	9½
Increase in the Quarter.		
Union	£35,837—or	19½

The proportion of Coin held by the several Banks in each of the last two quarters, was about as follows:—

	March. £ s.	June. £ s.
New South Wales	22 5	21 14
Commercial	12 17	11 5
Australasia	32 17	29 7
Union	32 1	37 14
	£100 0	£100 0

Thus, of the whole amount of Coin in our Bank coffers, considerably more than one-third is held by the Union.

5. Discounts.

June, 1847.	March, 1848.	June, 1848.
£1,727,587	£1,751,880	£1,660,825

Per cent.
Decrease in the year ....£66,762—or, 3¾
" in the quarter ..91,055—or, 5¼

This last diminution in the Discounts is immense—£91,000, or more than five per cent., in the brief space of three months!

In the *year*, the amount of bills under discount has increased in the Bank of New South Wales and the Union, and has declined in the other two. In the *quarter*, it has declined, and that very largely, in all except the Bank of New South Wales.

		Per cent.
Increase in the Year.		
New South Wales	£6,449—or	2½
Union	80,513—or	18½
Decrease in the Year.		
Commercial	£41,870—or	15½
Australasia	111,855—or	13½
Increase in the Quarter.		
New South Wales	£4,883—or	2
Decrease in the Quarter.		
Commercial	£16,825—or	6¾
Australasia	41,170—or	5½
Union	37,944—or	8

Why the Commercial and Australasian Banks should have thus contracted their operations, most of our readers can well understand; but why the Union should have done so, and that to the extent of nearly £38,000, is more than we can divine.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

SUPREME COURT.—Tuesday.

Before His Honor the Primary Judge in Equity.

SPENCER v. GRAY.

The arguments in this case were not concluded when the Court was adjourned.

HUGHES v. HUGHES.

On a former day, Mr. Fisher, on behalf of Samuel T. Hughes, an infant, moved that it be referred to the Master to ascertain and report, whether the intended marriage between the infant and Miss Keck was a proper one, &c.; judgment was reserved to-day, at the rising of the Court.

His Honor said, that since the arguments had taken place he had looked into the law of this case, and was of opinion that the reference ought to take place. With regard to that part of the affidavit of the father of the infant applicant, as to no consent ever having been given by him, it was impossible to give full credence to it in the face of the circumstances detailed in the affidavits used in support of the motion: there could be no doubt that the consent of Mr. Hughes did once exist. However, the consent of the father, and that of the Court were different in their effect; the first was necessary in order to put the clergymen legally in motion; the latter, in order to prevent the parties married, from committing a contempt of Court. The order will, therefore, be made for a reference to the Master, and perhaps Mr. Hughes finding that the proper and necessary enquiries are being being made before that officer, he will come in and consent that the marriage shall take place.

The full Court will sit to-day in insolvency; there are no causes set down for trial to-day.

DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE.

INSOLVENT COURT.

Tuesday.

Before W. A. Purefoy, Esq., Chief Commissioner of Insolvent Estates.

In the estate of Robert and Helenus Scott, a third meeting was held, and the following claims proved:—Peek and Calvert, £13 8s. 4d.; S. Lyons, £335 17s. 2d.; John Struth, £60 1s. 10d.; H. R. Craddock, £3 4s. 3d.; Michael Rush, £23 10s. 3d.; William M'Donald, £247 13s.; James Mitchell, £8541 19s. 6d.; D. F. C. Scott, £65; Patrick Scott, £6055 16s.; Mrs. Home Scott, £800; Mrs. Caroline Stubbs, £140; Messrs. Small and Co., £938 12s. 5d.; William Erkskine, £495 6s.; William Cheste, £11 4s. 3d. The furniture and wearing apparel returned in the estate was allowed the insolvents, and the meeting adjourned until the 29th instant.

In the estate of Helenus Scott, a single meeting was held, but at which no business was transacted.

In the estate of Robert Scott, deceased, a single meeting was held, when the Australian Trust Company proved a claim for £13,812 4s 9d.

In the estate of Richard Hunt, an adjourned certificate meeting was held. Several witnesses were examined by Mr. Poignand on the part of the insolvent, and cross-examined on behalf of Mr. Hugh Taylor, an opposing creditor, by Mr. Parry Long, and the meeting was further adjourned till the 17th instant.

MEETINGS TO-DAY.

In the estate of Robert M'Kay Campbell, an adjourned third meeting, at half-past 10 o'clock.

MEETINGS FOR TO-MORROW.

In the estate of Thomas Wheaton Bowden, a first meeting, at 11.

In the estate of Joseph Lee, a certificate meeting, at noon.

MULTUM IN PARVO.

(From late Australasian Papers.)

One of the Melbourne auctioneers was fined last week for having a gong beaten at his sale-room door to attract buyers.—It is reported that Mr. Edward White, late of Sunday Creek, Goulburn River, has been appointed Commissioner of Crown Lands in South Australia, the former Commissioner, Mr. Bonney, having received a valuable appointment under Governor Eyre at New Zealand.—The *Port Phillip Herald* calls the Sydney legislators "hereditary enemies" ! of Port Phillip.—Six hundred conditional pardons were gazetted in Hobart Town the week before last.—Tenders for the erection of wooden barracks for immigrants at Port Phillip are called for.—The residents in Cook's Straits generally receive their Auckland news via Sydney.—On Sunday afternoon, July 23rd, the children of the Wesleyan, Independent, Presbyterian, and Baptist Sunday Schools assembled with their teachers in the Wesleyan Chapel, Hobart Town. They were addressed by Mr. Flockart, lately arrived from England as Religious Instructor in an exile ship. There were about 1100 children present.—Mr. Ravac, the violinist, who visited these colonies some time since, had reached England, and was giving concerts at Drury-lane Theatre.—Mr. Sutton, "a confidential friend of General Latour," has informed the Hobart Town papers that the report of the gallant General having been appointed Governor of Van Diemen's Land cannot be true, as he has late letters from him in which he makes no mention of it.—The *Corio Chronicle* expresses an opinion that Geelong would be better off if connected with Sydney than with Melbourne.—We understand that a gentleman arrived at Adelaide by the Sibella, (G. J. Walters, Esq.), whose object was the establishment of large and powerful works for the smelting of copper ore, from which the mining interests will derive very great advantages and receive a fresh impulse. The works are to be established under a patent, and a vessel was shortly expected, laden with abundant materials, accompanied by practical gentlemen and select first-class operatives, who have already acquired considerable experience in the working of this patent at Swansea.—Captain Rose, of the brig Sir William Wallace, appeared before the Hobart Town Police Court, to answer a complaint charging him with bringing a Chinese man named Ui Fou, from the Mauritius, without having signed the articles before the vessel left the port. Evidence was gone into and the fact fully established. The penalty imposed by the Merchant Seamen's Act is £10, with a power for the presiding justice to reduce it to one-third. Captain Rose was accordingly fined in the mitigated penalty of one-third and costs.—The imports at Launceston, for the quarter ending July 5th, amounted to £43,680, and the exports to £33,895. The number of vessels that arrived was 52, and of those that sailed 51.—Sir Henry Young was induced to forego his intended passage in the Sibella, in consequence of a contracted matrimonial alliance with the only daughter of Charles Marryatt, Esq., of Parkfield, Potter's Bar, Herts, niece of Captain Frederick Marryatt, R.N., and standing in the same degree of relationship to the Bishop of Adelaide.—Amongst the cargo of the Union, from Launceston, for the Mauritius, are 20,000 bricks, and in the John Souchay, 14,627 bricks.—Dr. Dawson has been appointed President of the Court of Medical Examiners, in Van Diemen's Land, vice Staff-Surgeon M'Donald resigned.—Lieutenant-Governor Denison has given notice of a bill for the regulation and management of a Savings' Bank.—A ship from Bremen, with emigrants, is expected at Port Phillip in the course of next month.—A large quantity of land in the Portland district is being surveyed, and will be offered for sale towards the end of the year.

BANK LIABILITIES AND ASSETS.

General Abstract of the sworn Returns, rendered pursuant to the Act of Council, 4 Victoria, No. 13, of the Average Assets and Liabilities, and of the capital and profits of the undermentioned Banks, of the Colony of New South Wales, for the quarter ended 30th June, 1848:—

Liabilities.

Banks.	Notes in Circulation. £ s. d.	Bills in Circulation. £ s. d.	Balances due to other Banks. £ s. d.	Deposits. £ s. d.	Total Liabilities. £ s. d.
New South Wales	33,458 13 10	......	...	253,374 3 5	286,832 17 3
Commercial	45,854 10 9	86 10 11	...	154,041 13 1	199,992 14 9
Australasia	77,825 3 0	11,401 14 6	...	369,689 18 7	458,916 16 1
Union of Australia	83,129 14 1	6,109 3 0	2,165 14 5	450,578 13 9	541,983 5 [illegible]
Totals	240,268 1 8	17,597 8 5	2,165 14 5	1,227,684 8 10	1,487,715 13 4

Assets.

Banks.	Coin. £ s. d.	Landed Property. £ s. d.	Notes and Bills of other Banks. £ s. d.	Balances due from other Banks. £ s. d.	Notes and Bills discounted, and all other debts due to the Banks. £ s. d.	Total Assets. £ s. d.
New South Wales	127,458 18 9	10,026 19 5	......	36,719 19 2	262,617 6 2	437,023 3 0
Commercial	66,112 15 3	7,426 4 3	......	27,437 17 3	232,658 7 2	333,645 4 2
Australasia	172,418 18 6	15,772 10 6	768 13 1	......	730,642 9 6	918,602 11 0
Union of Australia	221,248 6 11	29,057 12 0	......	271 0 10	434,097 4 7	685,274 4 9
Totals	587,239 19 5	62,283 6 4	768 13 1	64,428 17 3	1,660,825 7 6	2,375,545 3 3

Capital and Profits.

Banks.	Capital paid up. £ s. d.	Rate per Annum of last Dividend.	Amount of Dividend. £ s. d.	Amount of reserved Profits, after paying Dividend. £ s. d.
New South Wales	123,120 0 0	10 ℘ cent.	5,213 12 6	35,402 2 6
Commercial	123,795 0 0	6 ℘ cent.	3,772 16 8	3,861 2 3
Australasia	900,000 0 0	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.
Union of Australia	830,000 0 0	6 ℘ cent.	25,317 10 0	71,090 11 8
Totals	1,976,924 0 0	......	34,303 19 2	110,353 16 7

METEOROLOGY.

(Compiled expressly for the Sydney Morning Herald.)

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT, SOUTH HEAD, FROM 1st TO 7th AUGUST, 1848.

Date.	Moon's Age.	Barometer 8½ A.M.	Barometer 2½ P.M.	Barometer Sunset.	Barometer 9 P.M.	Attached Thermometer 8½ A.M.	Attached Thermometer 2½ P.M.	Attached Thermometer Sunset.	Attached Thermometer 9 P.M.	Detached Thermometer 8½ A.M.	Detached Thermometer 2½ P.M.	Detached Thermometer Sunset.	Detached Thermometer 9 P.M.	Wet at 2½ P.M.	Register Thermometer Maxim.	Register Thermometer Minim.	Rain Fallen.	Winds.
Tuesday, 1	2	29·631	29·627	29·703	29·694	53	58	59	57	49	59	56	55	57	59	46	0·07	N.W. by W., W.S.W., S.W., S.
Wednesday, 2	3	29·643	29·600	29·590	29·551	54	57	54	53	51	58	51	48	53	58	47	...	W.N.W., W. by N., W., W. by S.
Thursday, 3	4	29·560	29·520	29·551	29·690	52	52	52	52	45	49	48	48	49	49	44	0·71	W.N.W., W., S.W., S. by W.
Friday, 4	5	29·773	29·751	29·744	29·756	49	56	54	53	46	58	54	49	54	58	45	...	S.W. by W., W.S.W.
Saturday, 5	6	29·750	29·670	29·730	29·847	49	51	50	49	45	51	47	46	50	51	42	0·01	W., W.S.W., S.W. by W., S.W.
Sunday, 6	7	30·005	30·053	30·09[illegible]	30·134	48	53	52	52	43	53	52	51	48	53	41	...	W.S.W., W. by S., S. by W., S. by W.
Monday, 7	☾ 1·1 P.M.	30·195	30·190	30·18[illegible]	30·204	51	53	53	54	46	53	52	51	50	53	42	*	W. by S., S. by W., S.

* An inappreciable quantity.

GENERAL REMARKS.

Tuesday, 1st August.—Light wind from north-west early part, but vane oscillated about the west point, and ultimately before 9 settled at south-west; rain in showers from latter quarter till about 10 o'clock, then cleared up; middle and latter parts light airs from south, and calms, fine bright afternoon.

Wednesday, 2nd.—Gentle westerly airs greater part of day: fog banks in western sky early, afterwards bright weather till 3, when some cumuli passed over; evening clear, lightning in all quarters; night fresh dry west wind, and no clouds.

Thursday, 3rd.—Moderate breezes from north of west, and fair till 9—10 A.M., when wind came fresh and keen from west, and gradually shifted to south by 11 o'clock, when began to blow in heavy gales, with rain; increased to very violent gales and rain incessant till about 7 o'clock, after that only showers at intervals; wind moderated and ultimately died away about midnight.

Friday, 4th.—Fresh westerly breezes morning and evening: middle part light; clear fine weather; cirrous clouds.

Saturday, 5th.—Sharp dry west wind early; a partial covering of cirrus, which past off in east after 7 o'clock; after mid-day air became exceeding raw and cold; wind grew strong from south and by west, nimbus bore up from south, and some spittings of rain at times; latter part of day clouds assumed a stormy character, and about 4 o'clock a squall of rain and sleet, bitterly cold, went over from south-south-west, afterward clear and sunshine; forenight masses of cumulus and nimbus, and some drops of rain; after midnight very strong and dry west wind.

Sunday, 6th.—Morning strong west wind, rose to fresh gales between 8 and 9, wore round to south, and blew in pretty strong gales nearly all day; clouded with cumulus afternoon; evening moderated a little, but continued a very high wind through the night; clear sky latter part.

Monday, 7th.—Beautifully clear fine weather throughout; moderate breezes early; shifted round to south-west before 10; and afternoon due south, and blew fresh until near sunset, after which quite light airs during the night; partial clouds and a few passing drops of rain, but moon clear.

EXPERIMENTAL SILK INSTITUTION.

Notwithstanding all that we have written on the subject, and the warmth with which it has been taken up by the commercial people of Sydney, who are really the least directly interested in it, we still find some objections stated against the necessity of a general contribution.

It is asserted by some to be unnecessary, because it is a proper undertaking for private individuals. To this we reply that the design of the institution is preparatory to private enterprise. The mulberries are yet to be grown, the silk worms to be brought to a proper degree of improvement, the rearing and particularly the reeling hands to be instructed, before private individuals can be induced to embark in the cultivation. No profitable results in money can be looked for before the third year, a circumstance sufficient of itself to deter private outlay. Splendid results would ensue, undoubtedly, after a few years, to any person embarking a few thousand pounds in a filature and plantation, when the trees are productive, and when good cocoons would be offered to him for sale. But nobody amongst us has patience to wait for prospective results, nor even to study the probabilities presented to him that such results will arise. An objection of an opposite kind is made by others, that if the object be worth a general contribution it is worth government assistance. And so it is—but the Legislative Council, from which such assistance can alone be procured, will not meet for some time, and the issue of an application to it is uncertain; while it is perfectly certain that government will not give the whole sum wanted—and it is certain that in the mean time the present season will be lost, as well as the services of a competent person now in the colony, if immediate operations be not commenced.

ABSTRACT OF THE ACTS OF THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL PASSED IN THE SESSION OF 1848.

12th Victoria, No. 40.—An Act to alter and amend the Laws relating to the Savings' Banks of New South Wales and Port Phillip, respectively.—The 1st clause enacts that so much of the Acts 4th Victoria, No. 15, and 11th Victoria, No. 25, as renders valid and effectual any surrender and re-assignment which shall after the passing of this act be signed and executed by one trustee, and the accountant of the said Savings' Banks, or either of them, and so much of the said acts as provides for the vesting of all lands, tenements, and hereditaments belonging to the said Savings' Banks in the respective vice-presidents of the said banks and their successors, and empowering them respectively to execute deeds relating to any such lands, tenements, and hereditaments, and for the vesting of such lands, tenements, and hereditaments, during the interval which should happen between the death, resignation, or removal, of any such vice-president, and the appointment of his successor in office, shall be repealed, but not so as to affect any thing done or executed in pursuance thereof respectively. Clause 2 enacts, that all lands, tenements, and hereditaments, which is now or may hereafter belong to the Savings' Banks for any estate or term of years or as a security, or to which the banks may be interested or entitled, by virtue of any mortgage, release, grant, or otherwise, shall be vested in law or in the vice-president for the time-being of each bank, as and in the nature of a body corporate, and that such lands, &c., shall be conveyed, assigned, and assured to such Vice-president, and such vice-president shall have the full and entire disposal of such lands, &c., under his office for the benefit of the banks. Clause 3 enacts, that the vice-presidents of the banks shall be authorized to receive monies, on account of the disposal of any such lands. Provided always that on the death or resignation of any vice-president, that the senior trustee of the bank shall become and remain the trustee of the bank until another be duly appointed by his Excellency the Governor. The 4th clause authorises the loan of the funds of the banks to the government for public works, on the security of debentures issued by the government, such works to be authorised by an act of the Governor and Legislative Council. Clause 5 enacts, that in future no deposit shall be received in the banks under the order of the Supreme Court. Clause 6 provides that the trustees of the Savings' Bank at Port Phillip shall not be less in number than twelve, nor more than eighteen.

13th Victoria, No. 41.—An Act to enable the Governor of the colony to cancel appointments of places for holding Courts of Petty Sessions.—The enacting clause provides that it shall and may be lawful for the Governor for the time-being of the said colony, by any notice to be published in the *Government Gazette*, to cancel the appointment of any place which has been, or shall at any time hereafter be appointed as a place at which Petty Sessions shall be holden, and thereupon such place shall thenceforth cease to be a place for holding such Courts.

13th Victoria, No. 42.—An Act to continue an act intituled "An act to authorise and regulate for a limited time the Warehousing, under bond, and the Exportation, free of Duty, of Spirits distilled within the Colony of New South Wales."—The enacting clause of the act provides that the duration of the act 10th Victoria, No. 13, shall be extended and continued in force until the 31st of December, 1852.

12th Victoria, No. 43.—An Act to amend certain acts of the Governor and Legislative Council of New South Wales, with respect to the Appropriation of Fines and Penalties.—The 1st clause enacts, that so much of the acts 9th Vic., No. 8, and 9th Vic., No. 15, as respects the appropriation of fines and penalties, shall be repealed. The 2nd clause enacts, that from and after the passing of this act all fines, forfeitures, and penalties, recovered under the acts hereinbefore recited, shall be thenceforth payable in the following manner, that is to say, one moiety to her Majesty, her heirs and successors, for the public uses of the colony, and in support of the government thereof, and the other moiety to the use of the informer, who shall also be entitled to his or her costs and charges, to be ascertained and assessed by the justices before whom the case is heard.

12th Victoria, No. 44.—An Act to amend the Act for regulating the Police in the towns of Parramatta, Windsor, Maitland, Bathurst, and other towns respectively, and for removing and preventing Nuisances and Obstructions, and for the better Alignment of the Streets therein.—The enacting clause provides that every justice of the peace shall have the same powers and authorities within the Courts of any of the said country towns in or nigh to which he has been in the habit of residing, as he would have had if he had been duly appointed by the government to execute the duties of police magistrate within such a town; provided always, that there shall be no duly appointed police magistrate in any such town.

12th Victoria, No. 45.—An Act to continue for a limited time, an act to facilitate the apprehension of transported Felons and Offenders illegally at large, and Offenders found with Arms and suspected to be Robbers. The enacting clause provides, that the act known as the Bushranging Act shall continue in force till the 31st December, 1853.

12th Victoria, No. 46.—An Act to prevent frivolous and vexatious Arrests of Ships and Vessels, or the Masters or Commanders thereof, by process arising out of the Vice-Admiralty Court of New South Wales.—The 1st clause enacts, "That whenever any ship or vessel, or the master or commander thereof, shall be arrested by any process issuing out of the Vice-Admiralty Court of New South Wales, for any matter or thing not within the jurisdiction of the said Court of Vice-Admiralty, the complainant or complainants, or promovents, in any such proceeding, and the proctor of such complainant or complainants, promovent or promovents, shall and are hereby declared liable to pay the costs of all such proceedings, both in the Court of Vice-Admiralty, and in the Supreme Court, in case a writ of prohibition should be granted, to be taxed as between attorney and client, and, in default of payment of such costs, a writ of attachment shall and may be issued out of the said Supreme Court, against the party or parties at whose suit such ship or vessel, or the master or commander thereof, shall have been arrested, and the proctor of such party or parties." The 2nd clause enacts, "That damages may be recovered, by action in the Supreme Court, against any party or parties instituting any proceeding in the Court of Vice-Admiralty, against any ship or vessel, or the master or commander thereof, where a writ of prohibition has been granted." Clause 3 enacts—"That a copy of the ship's articles, and the signatures thereto, as well as a copy of the register, (duly proved on any trial to be a true copy of such ship's articles or register) of any such ship or vessel which shall have been arrested under any process issuing out of the Vice-Admiralty Court, shall be evidence of the contents of such ship's articles and of the signature thereto, and of the register of such ship or vessel as aforesaid, in all civil and criminal proceedings."

12th Victoria, No. 47.—An Act to amend the law of Postage of Letters to and from the neighbouring Colonies of Van Diemen's Land, South Australia, and Western Australia. The 1st clause provides, that all letters or packets transmitted to or from the neighbouring colonies of Van Diemen's Land or South Australia, in steam vessels, although they may touch at any port in the district of Port Phillip, shall only be charged as ship letters or packets, in addition to the inland postage to or from the port of receipt or despatch. Clause 2 extends the same provision to all letters transmitted to or from Western Australia, whether the same be conveyed by steam or sailing vessels.

DISTRICT COUNCILS.

(From the Government Gazette.)

His Excellency the Governor directs it to be notified, that letters have been received from the respective Wardens certifying the return of the undermentioned gentlemen to serve as members of the District Councils, specified in connexion with their respective names, viz.:—

Brisbane Water.—Messrs. Archibald Osborne, Hovenden Hely, and George Peat.

Illawarra.—Messrs. David Berry, Kenneth M'Kenzie, and Richard John Hopkins.

Maitland.—Messrs. Andrew Lang and Isaac Gorrick.

Newcastle.—Messrs. Henry Usher and Alexander Brown.

Parramatta.—Messrs. James Byrnes, Nelson Simmons Lawson, and George Oakes.

Paterson.—Messrs. Walter Scott and Jonas Agnew Smith.

Raymond Terrace and Dungog.—Messrs. James Rigg Dalyell and Archibald Windeyer.

It having been certified to the Governor, that the vacancies existing in the undermentioned District Councils were not filled up by election on the first Tuesday in the month of May, in accordance with the terms of the Charter of Incorporation; His Excellency directs it to be notified, that in pursuance of the powers vested in him by the Act of the Imperial Parliament, 5 and 6 Victoria, cap. 76, he has been pleased to appoint the following gentlemen to be Councillors for the Districts specified in connexion with their names respectively, viz.:—

Bathurst and Carcoar.—Messrs. Robert Smith, John Savory Rodd, and William Montagu Rothery, to hold office until the 1st May, 1851.

Bourke (Port Phillip).—Messrs. Joseph Hawdon, Edward Eyre Williams, and Charles Hutton, to hold office until the 1st May, 1851; and Robert Williams Pohlman, to hold office until the 1st May, 1849.

Braidwood and Broulee.—Messrs. John Kenneth Mackenzie and Alexander Mackellar, to hold office until the 1st May, 1851.

Camden, Narellan, and Picton.—Messrs. James Riley, John Oxley, and George M'Leay, to hold office until the 1st May, 1851; and John Antill, to hold office until the 1st May, 1850.

Cassilis.—Mr. William Busby, to hold office until the 1st May, 1851.

Grant (Port Phillip.)—Messrs. John Manifold and David Coghill, to hold office until the 1st May, 1851.

Hartley.—Messrs. William Maxwell and Andrew Brown, to hold office until the 1st May, 1851.

Liverpool.—Messrs. John Brown Bossley and Thomas Valentine Blomfield, to hold office until the 1st May, 1851.

Macquarie.—Messrs. John Verge, and Robert Andrew Wauch, to hold office until the 1st May, 1851; and George Henry Rowley, to hold office until the 1st May, 1850.

Mudgee and Wellington.—Messrs. Nicholas Paget Bayly, William Willard Lowe, and Robert Lowe, to hold office until the 1st May, 1851; Charles George Temple Chauvel and Edwin Rouse, to hold office until the 1st of May, 1849.

Patrick's Plains.—Messrs. George Bowman and Archibald Bell, to hold office until the 1st May, 1851.

Queanbeyan.—Messrs. Terence Aubrey Murray and Thomas Hyacinth M'Quoid, to hold office until the 1st May, 1851.

Scone and Murrurundi.—Messrs. Francis Little and Thomas Simpson Hall, to hold office until the 1st May, 1851.

Windsor.—Messrs. William Murray Bowman and William Johnston, to hold office until the 1st May, 1851.

CROWN LANDS BEYOND THE SETTLED DISTRICTS.

(LIMITING THE TIME OF APPLYING FOR LEASES.)

(From Yesterday's Government Gazette.)

Colonial Secretary's Office, Sydney, 8th August, 1848.—His Excellency the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, has been pleased to direct the publication of the following regulation limiting the time within which certain claims to leases of runs beyond the settled districts will be entertained by His Excellency.

By the 11th section of chapter II. of Her Majesty's order in Council, of the 9th March, 1847, it is provided, "That all occupants of Crown lands, who shall have been in licensed occupation of the same for at least one year, at the time when this order shall come into effect, are to be entitled to demand leases of their respective runs under the present regulations, within six months from the date of the publication of this order in Council by the Governor, but not afterwards."

The said order in Council having been published and brought into effect in the colony on the 7th October, 1847, the period allowed for preferring claims to leases expired on the 6th April last, as respects those persons, who on the 7th October last, had been in licensed occupation of their runs for one year or more. All such persons, therefore, who failed to demand leases on or before the 6th April last, have lost the right of so doing conferred by the order in Council. As a matter of grace, however, the Governor has not up to the present time, refused to entertain applications for leases on the ground of their having been sent in subse-

quently to the expiration of the time prescribed by the order in Council, nor will His Excellency do as respects any further applications which may be received before the 30th September next, when the time allowed for taking out licenses for the current year will expire. But after that date the Governor will not under any circumstances whatever, entertain a demand for a lease of a run from any person whose licensed occupancy of the run had, on the 7th October, 1847, been of not less than one year's duration.

It will of course be understood that this notice does not apply to parties, who having failed to take out their licenses for the past year, are not entitled to demand leases under the provisions of Her Majesty's order in Council above referred to.

CONVEYANCE OF MAILS.

(From the Government Gazette.)

Colonial Secretary's Office, Sydney, 1st August, 1848. Conveyance being required for the Post Office Mails from and to the under-mentioned places, for one year from the 1st of January, 1849, persons disposed to contract for providing the same, are invited to transmit their offers, in writing, to this Office, before twelve o'clock on Monday, the 2nd day of October next, endorsed, "Tenders for conveyance of Mails."

From and to Windsor, Parramatta, and Sydney, daily, (Sundays excepted.)

From and to Windsor, and Richmond, daily.

From and to Windsor, Pitt Town, Wilberforce, and North Richmond, three times a week.

From and to Windsor, and Wiseman's Ferry, once a week.

From and to Penrith, Parramatta, and Sydney, daily, (Sundays excepted.)

From and to Penrith and Bathurst, via Hartley, daily, or three times a week.

From and to Bathurst and O'Connell, twice a week.

From and to Bathurst and Carcoar, three times a week.

From and to Carcoar and Canowindra, once a week.

From and to Bathurst, Blackman's Swamp, Molong, and Wellington, once a week.

From and to Wellington and Dubbo, on the Macquarie River, once a week.

From and to Hartley and Mudgee, with a branch post to Ryalston, once a week.

From and to Liverpool and Parramatta, daily, (Sundays excepted.)

From and to Sydney, Liverpool, and Campbelltown, daily, (Sundays excepted.)

From and to Campbelltown, Appin, Wollongong, and Dapto, daily.

From and to Dapto and Kiama, twice a week.

From and to Kiama and Shoalhaven Ferry, twice a week.

From and to Shoalhaven Ferry, Huskisson, and Ulladulla, once a week.

From and to Ulladulla and Broulee, once a week.

From and to Campbelltown, Camden, Picton, Berrima, Marulan, and Goulburn, daily or four times a week.

From and to Goulburn, Gunning, and Yass, three times a week.

From and to Gunning, Collector, and Gundaroo, twice a week.

From and to Marulan and Bungonia, three times a week.

From and to Goulburn and Braidwood, three times a week.

From and to Goulburn and Queanbeyan, via Bungendore, three times a week.

From and to Queanbeyan and Cooma, once a week.

From and to Cooma and Bombala, once a week.

From and to Raymond Terrace and Sawyers Point, twice a week.

From and to Raymond Terrace and Dungog, via Seaham and Clarence Town, twice a week.

From and to Morpeth and Paterson, daily.

From and to Gresford and Paterson, three times a week.

From and to Maitland, East Maitland, and Morpeth, daily.

From and to Maitland and Wollombi, once a week.

From and to East Maitland, Maitland, and Singleton, daily.

From and to Singleton, Jerry's Plains, and Merton, three times a week.

From and to Merton, Merriwa, and Cassilis, three times a week.

From and to Merton and Muswellbrook, twice a week.

From and to Singleton, Muswellbrook, and Scone, three times a week.

From and to Scone and Murrurundi, twice a week.

From and to Murrurundi and Tamworth, on the Peel River, once a week.

From and to Tamworth and Warialda, once a week.

From and to Tamworth and Wee Waa, once a week.

From and to Tamworth and Armidale, in New England, once a week.

From and to Armidale and Wellingrove, once a week.

From and to Macquarie and Armidale, in New England, via Kempsey, once a fortnight.

From and to Armidale, Tenterfield, Warwick, and Drayton, Darling Downs, once a week.

From and to Brisbane, Ipswich, and Drayton, once a week.

From and to Grafton, on the Clarence River and Tabulam, once a week.

From and to Grafton and the Richmond River, once a week.

Port Phillip Road.

From and to Yass, Gundagai, Albury, Ovens, Seymour, Kilmore, and Melbourne, twice a week, for the whole distance, or separately for portions of the road.

From and to Yass and Binalong, once a week.

From and to Gundagai and Tumut, once a week.

From and to Tarcutta and Waga Waga, once a week.

From and to Maidens' Punt, Deniliquin, and Moulamien, once a week.

It is to be understood that the mails are to be despatched on the days and hours to be fixed by the Postmaster-General, either according to the present arrangement, or as he may afterwards determine for the public convenience.

It will be optional with parties to offer for one or more of the above lines of stages, and to propose the mode of conveyance; but on all roads where wheel vehicles can travel, a preference will be given to carriage conveyance, and the contractors will be held strictly bound to use the conveyance they propose, and to travel at the rate agreed upon. The rate of travelling is not to be less than six miles per hour, including all stoppages. The contractors are to carry all bags and letters which may be delivered to them under authority of the Postmaster-General, or any of the postmasters, and to provide secure lockers for the mails in carriages, and dry coverings for the bags on horseback.

Contractors will be bound to prevent the conveyance of any letter or packet, by any of their servants or passengers, or otherwise, to the prejudice of the Post Office revenue, under penalty of £5 for each and every offence.

Contractors will be liable to a fine of five shillings for every five minutes' delay after the specified time of starting; and to a like penalty for every ten minutes delay after the specified time of arrival, except for the first five or ten minutes respectively.

Contractors will be strictly bound not to assign any portion of their contract without consent of the Postmaster-general.

A mail cart or carriage, drawn only by one horse, must not carry more than one passenger; by two horses not more than three passengers, and by three or more horses not more than six passengers, exclusive of the driver, under a penalty of £3 for each offence.

All vehicles and horses employed in the conveyance of mails are to be at all times subject to the inspection and approval of the Postmaster-General, or person appointed by him for that purpose.

The drivers and postmen are to be free men, and of certified good character.

All fines and penalties incurred under the agreement are to be deducted by the Postmaster-General, from the next quarterly instalment falling due to the contractor, and to be considered as over and above any penalties provided by any Act of Council.

Each party tendering or an agent for him, must attend at this office on the day appointed for opening the tenders; and each tender must bear the signature of two respectable and solvent persons, engaging to enter into a bond with the contractor for the safety of the mails, and the due performance of the contract, and every stipulation therein.

The hours of starting from each Post Office or stage and other particulars, may be ascertained at the General Post Office, where parties proposing to tender are invited to seek information.

Printed forms of tender may be had on application at the General and all other Post Offices throughout the colony.

ABSTRACT OF SALES BY AUCTION THIS DAY.

Mr. C. Newton.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Pianofortes, China Vases, Accordions, Dressing Cases, Hair Brushes, Satin Paper Hangings, Amber, Satin Damask.

Mr. Mort.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, 1000 volumes Books, Oil Paintings; at Pollard's Bonded Stores, Queen's-place, at 11 o'clock, Tobacco.

Mr. S. Lyons.—At the stores of Messrs. Griffiths, Fanning, and Co., Spring-street, at 11 o'clock, Wines, Ale, Stout, Tobacco, Cigars.

Roman Catholic Church.—On Sunday, the Rev. Dr. Goold, who has been for several years stationed at Campbelltown, and has recently been called upon to assume the episcopal office, was consecrated in St. Mary's Cathedral, by Archbishop Polding, assisted by Bishop Murphy and the Rev. Dr. Gregory. The ceremony was performed according to the ritual of the Roman Catholic Church, and was very imposing, there being upwards of twenty priests, besides a large number of monks, acolytes, and cross-bearers, in the varied costumes belonging to their different orders. The consecration sermon was preached by Bishop Murphy from the 15th chap. of St. John, v. 16. The church was excessively crowded. The new Bishop will very shortly proceed to Port Phillip.

Mayor's Fancy Dress Ball.—We have been given to understand that the time fixed for this entertainment is Wednesday, the 20th September next. The arrangement of the ball is entrusted to a committee of gentlemen, and from their experience in such fashionable matters we doubt not but that the affair will be eminently successful.

Police Office.—The magistrates present yesterday were the Mayor, Captain Innes, and Mr. D. Allen, by whom the business of the day was disposed of. Alderman Wilshire, the second roster magistrate failed in attending his appointment. The magistrates for to-day are Alderman Broughton and Mr. J. Campbell.

Impudent Theft.—A man, who gave his name as William Donovan, was yesterday before the Police Court, charged with the theft of a load of dung. It appeared that in the course of the previous morning the prisoner had driven his cart into the stable yard of the Commander of the Forces, proceeded to load it with dung. The cool and easy manner in which Donovan filled the cart, removed all suspicion of his being unauthorised to act as he was doing; as although several servants were about at the time, it would seem each thought the other had brought him there. Just however as Donovan was driving away with his vehicle well laden, the theft was accidentally discovered, and he was stopped, when he unloaded it, and pleaded he had made a mistake in the yard he was to take the dung from. Notwithstanding however this plea was most strenuously urged in connection with an avowal of innocency of intention, he was handed over to police custody. A reiteration of the pleas was made, when he was before the bench yesterday, but unavailingly, and a sentence of one month's imprisonment was awarded.

Attempt at Burglary.—Between two and three o'clock yesterday morning, an attempt was made to enter the residence of Mr. W. E. Rogers, Belle Vue House, Kent-street South, by lifting one of the windows of a back apartment. The noise however made foiled the object, as persons sleeping in the room were awoke, and an alarm was instantly given, the burglars on hearing which made off.

Court of Requests.—This Court will resume its sittings this morning at ten o'clock, commencing at No. 77.

Molong.—The Court of Petty Session, at Molong, has appointed Mr. Samuel Evens, to be bailiff of that Court.

Appointment.—His Excellency the Governor has appointed Frederick Walker, Esq., of the Native Police, to be a magistrate of the territory and its dependencies.

District Councils.—His Excellency the Governor has appointed William Clarke Haines, Esq., to be Warden of the District Council of Grant, (Port Phillip), in the room of J. M. C. Airey, Esq., resigned.

Petty Sessions.—His Excellency the Governor has directed it to be notified, that a Court of Petty Sessions has been established at the town of Montefiores, in the district of Wellington.

Catarrh in Sheep.—With a view to promote enquiry into the symptoms and other peculiarities of the disease commonly called the catarrh in sheep, and the best preventative measures to be used against it; his Excellency the Governor has directed it to be notified, that a sum of £100 will be paid, as a premium, to the author of the best practical essay on the subject, to be submitted to the decision of a committee of the Legislative Council, which may be prepared and delivered into the Colonial Secretary's Office, on or before the 31st December next.

[Advertisement.] A Cure for Indigestion and Disordered Stomachs by Holloway's Pills.—Persons whose stomachs have been disordered for years, occasioned either by sedentary habits, injurious climates, or an usually delicate state of health, and can obtain no real relief, may be permanently cured by using Holloway's pills, and even greatly benefitted after the first few doses. This fine medicine is known to be superior to all others for liver complaints, or where there is weakness, langour, or debility, as in every case it imparts strength and vigour, and this so quickly as even to astonish the most unbelieving; these pills may safely be taken at any time.

Sale of Wines, Ale, &c.—We are requested to remind the trade that Mr. Samuel Lyons sells, this day, at 11 o'clock, at the stores of Messrs. Griffiths, Fanning and Co., Spring-street, a great variety of wines, ale, stout, tobacco, cigars, &c. For particulars see advertisements in our columns.—*Communicated.*

The attention of Tobacconists, Grocers, Storekeepers Exporters, and others, is particularly directed to Mr. Mort's extensive sale of Tobacco, this day, at the stores of Mr. E. H. Pollard. As good tobacco will most assuredly become scarce in the market, this is an opportunity not to be lost sight of.—*Communicated.*

Mr. Newton has requested us to direct attention to his sale, this day, at his rooms, consisting of seven very superior pianos; also one case of vases, ornaments, &c., of a most superb description. For particulars see advertisements.—*Communicated.*

Impoundings.—Bathurst, August 3: Red bullock, TW near hip, slit in off ear. Brown white bullock, W and an indescribable brand near rump, No. 40 off shoulder. Yellow and white cow, illegible brand off rump and ribs, near ear torn, piece out of off ear, with two red and white heifer calves, branded MD off rump, No. 5 off shoulder, piece out off ear. Brown poley cow, like EM off rump, HM near rump, No. 1 off thigh, with red male calf, unbranded. Bay mare, black points, star in forehead, long tail, unbroken, apparently B with an illegible brand over near shoulder, with bay horse foal, no brand, 14½ hands high: damages 6d. each. If not released, they will be sold on the 30th August. R. Teo. 11s. 6d.—*Yesterday's Government Gazette.*

NEWS FROM THE INTERIOR.

(From our own Correspondent.)

MORETON BAY.

August 1.—Owing to the steamer leaving this port to-day, I am unable to give you the result of the polling for the two candidates put in nomination to represent these northern districts. Colonel Snodgrass I believe has friends here, but the majority of votes will, I have reason to think, be given to Mr. A. Boyd. The shortness of time between the news of the nomination of the candidates, and the polling day here, prevents the friends of either party canvassing for votes. The parties entitled to vote will therefore record them without being aware of the sentiments of either candidate. We sincerely trust that whoever is the successful man, will give to this long neglected district a small portion of his attention

The following gentlemen have been appointed trustees under the Church Act, to superintend the building the new Church at Brisbane, viz.: Captain Wickham, Dr. Ballow, Mr. W. Pickering, Mr. G. S. Tucker, and Mr. R. Gill.

Part of the immigrants per Royal Saxon, which were sent here by the Government per schooner Columbine, have, I am happy to say, been nearly all engaged, at wages averaging £20 per annum for single men, and from £14 to £18 per annum for unmarried females, and married couples £30 per annum, many of them seemed to have an objection to going into the country for fear of the blacks. Some of the old hands having I imagine frightened them with a pack of nonsense about the aboriginals. The district was never quieter than at present, and I think if the white inhabitants will only act with forbearance towards them, there will be no cause to fear molestation.

The sloop Aurora arrived here from Wide Bay on Sunday last; the master of her reports all quiet in that quarter. So rapidly has the stations and stock increased in that quarter of the colony, that the wool of the ensuing clip it is reported will amount to at least 1000 bales. Boiling-down operations are also being carried on there.

ORIGINAL CORRESPONDENCE.

ADVANCE AUSTRALIA.

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

Gentlemen,—Being a man for some years in very comfortable ease, I have been used to bestow a few pounds every year, (or I should say every now and then, for I have had no regular system,) on horse-races, ploughing-matches, cattle shows, and such like cheerful and useful sports, and occupations for the good of the colony. I am also become alive to the "ameliorative influences" as our respected parson here calls them of "religious, educational, and sanitary institutions,"—that is, I have lately, in consequence of a narrow escape from breaking my neck at a horse-race, began to think that I may not have laid out my donations in the very best way always. I see you have been endeavouring to write up a new thing, a concern for training persons to the growing of silk. This, I agree with you, will be a main good thing, and it is worth a few pounds from every one of us to chance it, were that all. But if I can judge rightly, it seems sure enough. Will you say how I can convey my subscription?

Yours,

ZEKIEL HOMESPUN.

[Our correspondent, we suppose, skips the advertisements, otherwise he need not have asked the question. Let him send his cheque for five or ten guineas, or any other minor or major sum to the Secretary. If the institution goes on it will be well, if not the cheque will be returned.—Eds.]

ELECTION EXPENSES.

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

Gentlemen,—I must certainly agree with you of some portion of your remarks lately respecting Mr. N. S. Lawson's election. You have already stated that he was brought forward with a view to be made a property of. This I am sorry to say appears to be too true, as I am informed that bills are pouring in from all directions to the agent in Parramatta. One bill from a publican, only nine miles from Parramatta, was £157 17s. 6d., which I consider monstrous, and I trust it will never be paid. Other bills still arrive in Parramatta bearing the same character; but I am pleased to find on enquiry that the individual of Parramatta who was the first ever naming Mr. Lawson as a candidate is fully bent to put a stop to such imposition, and only pay every man what is just and reasonable. I am proud to hear this day that a committee of six or eight is to be formed, the chair to be taken by the chairman, Mr. James Byrnes, to examine the whole of the accounts, and to pay every man a reasonable charge; because if such a practice is to be allowed for the publicans' to give a few glasses of ale or nobblers of liquor, and charge £27 2s. 3d., the sooner such a practice is put a stop to the better: therefore those who have their accounts to send in let them be moderate. However, it is pleasing to every one, particularly in Parramatta, to find those publicans have fell into the wrong hands, as the general agent in Macquarie-street, Parramatta, Mr. H. Taylor, who seems to be, and, as I can learn, the principal, in this affair, will cut these people's corns.

I remain, Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

AN HONEST PUBLICAN.

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

Gentlemen,—In your paper to-day is a report of the evidence taken at the Police Office, respecting the robberies committed at various times during the months of September, October, November, and December, of the last year at our stores, which, to a casual reader, conveys the notion that these rather extensive thefts were going on *entirely* without our knowledge at the time.

This is very far from the evidence sworn to; and had your reporter been a little more careful in his abridgement of it, it would have been found that Mr. Drynan, our salesman, and one of the witnesses, states in his affidavit to the effect, "that he missed some of the articles within twenty-four hours, many of them within five days, the principal part within two months after they had been stolen."

The statement, too, as to the prisoner Patrick Carr having been left in charge of the store from one to three o'clock, is an error. The witness above-mentioned stated, that the prisoner was regularly left in charge between the hours of one and two o'clock; but seldom for a longer period than half an hour at once, during his absence at dinner, on the premises.

Your insertion of the above will oblige,

Gentlemen,

Your most obedient servants,

ROWAND, MACNAB, AND CO.

Pitt-street, August 8.

LATE ENGLISH NEWS.

LORD HARDINGE.

(From the United Service Gazette.)

The lot of Viscount Hardinge is one to be envied, indeed. It has been given to few men to spend their youth in the attainment of high military distinction, so as to be justly called one of the heroes of an age of great soldiers; then, in middle life, to fill high and honourable offices of a civilian and a statesman; and, finally, in old age, to be restored once more to the field of glory, there to blaze forth in triumphs which make pale the deeds of youth, and to take place by the side of the greatest of warriors of the time; yet such has been the career of Lord Hardinge.

Lord Hardinge is the third son of the late Rev. Henry Hardinge, Rector of Stanhope, in the county of Durham, by Frances, daughter of James Best, Esq., and is descended from Sir Robert Hardinge, Bart., of King's Newton, in the county of Derby. His grandfather, Nicholas Newton, Esq., of Canbury, in the county Surrey, was Chief Clerk of the House of Commons in 1731, Attorney-General to the Duke of Cumberland, and (in 1732) joint secretary to the Treasury, and member of Parliament for the borough of Eye, in Suffolk. It was at an unusually early period of life that Lord Hardinge entered the army. When only fifteen years of age we find him joining his regiment on active service in Canada, and he soon evinced peculiar talents for that profession in which he afterwards so greatly distinguished himself. He entered the army as an ensign, in the Queen's Rangers, on the 8th October, 1798; became Lieutenant of the 4th Foot, March 25, 1802; Lieutenant, 1st Foot, May 26th, 1803; Lieutenant, 17th Foot, July 9th, 1803; Captain, 57th Foot, April 7th, 1804; Major in the Portuguese army, April 13th, 1809; Lieutenant-Colonel in the same, May 30th, 1811; Lieutenant-Colonel, Grenadier Guards, July 25th, 1814; Colonel (Brevet) July 19th, 1821; Major-General, July 22nd, 1830. Sir Henry Hardinge served with great distinction in Spain and Portugal, and was present, in the capacity of Deputy-Quartermaster General of the Portuguese Army, at all the principal events, including the battles of Busaco and Albuhera, the Siege of Badajos, and the battles of Salamanca, Vittoria, the Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, and others. For his services in these operations Sir Henry received a cross and five clasps; and in Marshal Beresford's despatch of the battle of Albuhera, the following honourable mention is made of his services:—"I cannot here omit the name of Lieutenant-Colonel Hardinge, Deputy Quartermaster-General of the Portuguese Army, whose talents and exertions deserve my thanks." In the following year the Duke of Wellington honourably alludes to him for his services at the siege of Badajoz. During the last year of the campaigns in the Peninsula, Sir Henry commanded a Portuguese brigade of five battalions in the Pyrenees and France; and, after the close of the war, he served, regimentally, in the Grenadier Guards for five or six years. He was Deputy Quartermaster-General of the Portuguese Army from 1809 to 1813; and during the Waterloo campaign, in which he distinguished himself, received the wound which deprived him of his left arm. He was at that time attached to the Prussian Army, with the rank of Brigadier-General. He also received several other wounds during the war. Sir Henry Hardinge was first returned to Parliament for Durham in 1820, and in 1823 he was appointed Clerk of the Ordnance. In the year 1826, he was again returned for Durham. He remained Clerk of the Ordnance until 1828, when he was advanced to the more responsible and arduous office of Secretary-at-War. He held the latter office till 1830, when under the Duke of Wellington's brief Ministry in that year, he was appointed Chief Secretary for Ireland, which office he filled with distinction. In the same year he was returned to Parliament for St. Germain; in 1831, for Newport, in Cornwall; and in 1832, for Launceston, which place he represented upon his appointment as Governor-General of India.

These are the mere facts and data of the career of this remarkable man and distinguished servant of the public. Of his most brilliant and glorious achievements we have yet to speak. But, in the mean while, let us recal, more in detail, some of his proceedings while in Parliament. During the brief period in which, as Sir Henry Hardinge, his lordship filled the office of Chief Secretary of Ireland, in the Duke of Wellington's Administration of 1830, attended closely to the duties of his office, and spoke frequently on Irish affairs. Not many days after the resignation of the Wellington Ministry, and during the formation of that of Earl Grey, the warmth of his friendship for the Duke of Wellington led him, in repelling what he considered a gross attack upon his chief's personal character, into expressions for which he was called to order by the Speaker of the House of Commons. Upon Mr. Brougham's acceptance of the Chancellorship being notified to the House, and a new writ being moved for the place which he had represented, Mr. Croker called the attention of the house to the inconsistency of which Mr. Brougham had been guilty in forming part of an administration which he had publicly and plainly declared in the House of Commons he could not by any possibility join. In the course of the debate which followed, Lord Morpeth, in vindicating his friend Mr. Brougham, said that the Duke of Wellington had made a still stronger declaration against taking an office which he had nevertheless accepted, and the acceptance of which had not lost him the confidence of his friends. This taunt, uttered in the presence of Sir H. Hardinge, was more than he could bear; and coming to the relief of the noble and gallant Duke, he observed in a tone of suppressed indignation "that he should not have troubled the house with any observations on the subject, if it had not been for the sneer, the indecent sneer, which Lord Morpeth had thrown out, and in consequence of which he felt it to be his duty to rise in defence of the noble person against whom that sneer was directed. Notwithstanding that indecent sneer, notwithstanding the sneers and bitter malice with which the Duke of Wellington had been assailed—malice and sneers which he despised—notwithstanding these, the character of the Duke of Wellington must, and ever would, stand high in the history of this country. The sacrifice of patronage, the large retrenchments, the large measure of Catholic Emancipation, which had characterised the administration of the Duke of Wellington, would hereafter receive the praise they merited from the historian, and the gratitude of the public now, in spite of the sneers of lordlings." This language, so far exceeding the license of parliamentary discussion, attracted the notice of the Speaker, and Sir Henry apologised for its warmth. Mr. Macauley, who followed in the debate, was also called to order, when he told Mr. Croaker that he (Mr. Croaker) would rather have burned his tongue than made such an attack in the presence of Lord Brougham as he had made behind his back. Sir Henry Hardinge was a consistent opponent of the Reform Bill, and his opposition to it throughout assumed a most violent shape. During the early stages of the discussion of the measure, he had denounced it as introducing into the constitution revolutionary changes. This strong language did not escape the notice of Mr. Hobhouse, one of the champions of the bill, and he seized an opportunity of taking the hon. and gallant member to task for the expression. "Unless," said Mr. Hobhouse, "the Right Hon. Gentleman was prepared to prove that the bill would produce such changes, he had employed a phrase which ought not to have been used against a measure which was supported by more than half the aristocracy, and the whole of the people of this empire." He thought that more cautious terms ought to have been employed by a gentleman who enjoyed so much of the personal esteem and respect of the house, on account of his high character. Language coming from him produced an effect which it would not produce coming from an ordinary person, for every one knew that the sentiments which the right hon. gentleman expressed he also felt. He was surprised that the right hon. gentleman should have used language which, in his cooler moments, he must condemn. This lecture from Mr. Hobhouse, so far from modifying Sir Henry's opinion of the bill, drew from him a yet fiercer denunciation of it. He deliberately repeated that the measure, in its tendency, was most revolutionary; and he further added, that when it suited the convenience of the house, and it pleased the house to listen to him, he should be prepared with proof to make good his assertion. But, Sir Henry, in the full tide of his indignation, could neither wait for the convenience of the House nor the production of his proof, and gave new point to his reassertion of the revolutionary character of the measure in these words:—"I say that this bill is calculated to pull the crown off the King's head, and I do hope that, if leave should be given to introduce this bill, the noble lord will, before we come to the second reading of it, introduce a clause by which the House of Lords may be passed by, in order that the Peers may not irritate the country by the rejection of it." Sir H. Hardinge spoke with equal fervour against the Irish Reform Bill. The object of it, he said, was to change everything—to disfranchise a large portion of the population, without any proof of guilt; and the weak and feeble were selected as the victims in this unjust sacrifice. So long as he had a voice in the House of Commons, he would not surrender his reason, his honour, or his conscience, to any fear of public or popular sentiment. Where the constitution was concerned, he would, in every stage, without, he hoped, incurring a character of factious resistance, give the measure his strenuous opposition in a proper and legitimate manner; and he considered it to be the duty of every man who wished well to his country, to give such legitimate and proper opposition to this unfortunate, this fatal bill.

As soon, however, as the measure which he thus denounced became the law of the land, the then Sir Henry Hardinge followed the example of his political chief in accepting it as a fact which could not be disputed; and he afforded Sir Robert Peel his best support in that judicious opposition that was maintained by him during the early years of the Grey administration. With Mr. Littleton (now Lord Hatherton), who became Secretary for Ireland, he maintained a continued Parliamentary conflict on the various measures of the Whigs with respect to Ireland. On Sir Robert Peel's accession to office in November, 1834, Sir H. Hardinge was one of the first whom he called to his aid, appointing him to an important office and a seat in the Cabinet. When Sir Robert Peel resigned, Sir Henry Hardinge retired with him; and he continued in opposition, more or less active, until Sir Robert resumed the Premiership in 1841, when Sir Henry Hardinge again took office, from which he was, ere long, to be called to move in a more exalted sphere, and to bring to the service of his country the military skill of his youth, combined with the experience of his middle age in statesmanship. The events in India are too recent to justify us in entering into any detail upon them. The name of Hardinge will henceforth be heard after that of Clive. He outstripped all expectation. In the vote of thanks to the Indian army for the victories on the Sutlej, moved in the House of Lords by the Earl of Ripon, and in the House of Commons by Sir Robert Peel, a distinct resolution was incorporated, awarding the thanks of Parliament to the Governor-General for the judgment, energy, and ability, with which he had applied the resources of the British empire in repelling that unjust and unprovoked invasion of the Sikh nation; and for the valour and indefatigable exertions which he had displayed in the battle of Sobraon. We should much exceed the limits of this paper were we to dwell upon the splendid eulogium which the conduct of the Governor-General and the army of India drew forth in either House of Parliament; but we cannot refrain from quoting a spontaneous tribute of esteem and admiration for the character and claims of the Governor-General—a tribute the more genuine because it comes from the lips of political opponents. Sir John Hobhouse, in seconding the vote of thanks in the lower house, said—"It is a great comfort to me, as it must be to every member of the house—it is a great consolation to me, who have mixed familiarly, I may say, upon the floor of Parliament with this distinguished man, to see him now in a distant country meeting those hitherto invincible battalions with the same courage, the same success, and the same devotion to his country, that characterised him when we saw him mingling in the discussions of the Senate, and winning the esteem, however he might differ with his opponents, of all those with whom, happily for them, he came in contact. There is something, I may say, almost of Roman grandeur in this, that the Right Hon. and gallant gentleman gets, as it were, from the floor of this house, where he had so long distinguished himself, to the command of a great province and of mighty armies, where, though suddenly and treacherously attacked, he combines, with the greatest skill and prudence, all the available forces of the province committed to his care; and, with wonderful success, in less than two months, performed deeds which would be sufficient for the life of any other man. Why, between the 17th of December last and the present time, Sir Henry Hardinge has performed exploits and achieved conquests such as would illustrate the life of any other commander. Whether this will be the last triumph we shall have to record—though I hope peace may be assured—or not, I cannot but conclude with saying, that we shall ever remember with grateful pride that distinguished man, so well known in this house, has shown himself equally distinguished in the field, and has more than upheld that renown which he had previously enjoyed." Lord John Russell, in a similar strain of eulogy also said, "Perhaps it may be permitted to me who am not the political or private friend of Sir Henry Hardinge, to say that there is no person united to him, either by political connexion or private friendship, who can feel more warmly the honour he has acquired in the recent transactions than I feel, who have been opposed to him in politics, but who have always felt for his character the highest respect."

For his achievments in this war, the object of our sketch was, we need hardly say, elevated to the peerage, and the East India Company bestowed a pension of £7000 a year. He is now again in his native country, where, we trust, he will long remain, either to dignify the House of Lords by his presence, and strengthen it by his practical eloquence, or enjoy, in private life, the honours and rewards he has earned in so brilliant and useful a manner.

BILL FOR THE SECURITY OF THE CROWN.

The following is an abstract of the bill which was brought into the House of Commons on Friday night by Sir G. Grey, for the security of the Crown, and the suppression of seditious designs and practices:—

The first section recites the 26th of George III., entitled "An act for the safety and preservation of his Majesty's person and government against treasonable and seditious practices and attempts;" it also recites the 57th of George III., making the former act perpetual, and that doubts are entertained whether the 57th of George III. extends to Ireland; and whereas it is expedient to repeal all such provisions made perpetual by the last recited act as do not relate to offences against the person of the Sovereign, and to enact other provisions instead thereof, applicable to all parts of the United Kingdom, and to extend to Ireland such of the provisions of the said acts which are not hereby repealed. It then goes on, by section 1, to repeal the provisions of the said 36th George III., made perpetual by the said 57th George III., save so much of the same as relates to the compassing and intending the death, imprisonment, or restraint, of the person or the successors of his said Majesty, and the expressing, uttering, or declaring, of such compassings, imaginings, or inventions.

By the second section, it is declared and enacted that such of the said recited provisions made perpetual by the said 57th George III., as are not hereby repealed, shall be extended to, and be in force in Ireland.

The third section enacts that if any person after the passing of this Act shall, within the realm or without, imagine, invent, or intend to deprive our Most Gracious Lady the Queen or her successors of the Imperial Crown of this realm, or of any of her Majesty's dominions and countries, or to levy war against her Majesty or her successors within any part of the United Kingdom, in order by force or constraint to compel her or them to change her or their measures or counsels, or in order to put any force or constraint upon or to intimidate or overawe both Houses or either House of Parliament, or to move or stir any foreigner or stranger with force to invade the United Kingdom, or any other of her Majesty's dominions, and shall express such compassings, imaginings, inventions, or intentions, by publishing any printing or writing, or by open and advised speaking, or by any overt act or deed, shall be guilty of felony, and on conviction shall be liable to be transported beyond the seas for life, or for any term not less than seven years.

The 4th section enacts, that nothing herein contained shall lessen the force of any thing enacted by the 25th Edward III, "a declaration of what offences shall be adjudged treasons."

The 5th section enacts, that if the facts alleged in any indictment for any felony under this Act shall amount in law to treason, such indictment shall not by reason thereof be deemed void, erroneous, or defective; and if the facts proved on the trial of any person indicted for any felony under this Act shall amount in law to treason, such person shall not by reason thereof be entitled to be acquitted of such felony; but no person tried for the felony shall be afterwards prosecuted for treason, upon the same facts.

The 6th section enacts, that in the case of every felony under the Act, every principal in the second degree, and every accessary before the fact, shall be punishable in the same manner as the principal in the first degree; and avery accessary after the fact shall, on conviction, be liable to imprisonment, with or without hard labour, for any term not exceeding two years.

The 6th section enacts that the Act may be repealed or amended during the present session of Parliament.

SOIREE TO THE IRISH AMBASSADORS.

On Saturday evening last, the soirée to the "Irish ambassadors" took place in Music-hall, Dublin. Young and Old Irelanders were present, and the harmony between them was uninterrupted.

The place of meeting was decorated with flags and banners bearing various devices, such as "Ireland for the Irish," "The Queen, Lords, and Commons of Ireland;" a flag which belonged to the 3rd regiment of the Volunteers of '82 was displayed, and immediately over the chair was hung a tri-colour flag (white, green, and orange) attached to a pike-staff, and mounted with a specimen of "the national weapon." It was said that this flag was presented to Mr. Smith O'Brien by certain young men in Paris. The chair was taken by Mr. A. R. Stritch, barrister.

The Chairman said one constitutional resource still remained to the Irish people—an appeal to the Queen of Ireland. He trusted she would be sufficiently alive to her own interests to perceive that the only security for the integrity and stability of her empire lay in the immediate and complete repeal of the legislative union. He then gave "The health of the Queen of Ireland," which was followed by "The People, the true source of power." "The legislative independence of Ireland, and the memory of the volunteers of '82." The Chairman next gave "Ireland's uncompromising patriot William S. O'Brien."

Mr. S. O'Brien rose to return thanks, and was warmly received. He had that day taken out his patent of nobility; it was presented to him in the bill of indictment brought against him by the English Government for loving his country. (Cheers) It had been said that his mission to France had been a failure, but he could safely aver that every circumstance connected with that mission formed a subject for satisfaction. It was a pleasing reflection to think that the reply of M. Lamartine to the address of the Irish Confederation had given satisfaction both to the English Government and to them. He (Mr. O'Brien) congratulated the Government on the magnanimity they displayed by teaching the Irish people to look to the opinions of foreign ministers on international questions. (Hear, hear.) M. Lamartine could not have spoken in other terms than he had used, without placing France in a position of direct hostility to England. It was not to ask for armed succour, that he went to France, but were Ireland driven to the alternative of force for the recovery of her rights, she would receive invaluable assistance from foreign sympathisers. (Loud cheers.) The deputation to France had considered it necessary that one of its members, Mr. O'Gorman should remain in that country till the state trials were over, in order that he might be acquainted with all the resources which might be made available for Ireland in Paris. Mr. O'Gorman had already began his military studies; he had the good fortune to make the acquaintance of some very able men, and very brave men, natives of this country, who were at the present moment members of the National Guards of Paris; he had likewise the good fortune to make the acquaintance of several distinguished Irish officers in the French army. (Cheers.) Mr. O'Gorman had likewise the opportunity of being placed in communication with several of the leaders of the democratic clubs in Paris, and if he desired it, he could easily evoke the sympathy of those clubs in favour of this country. After leaving France he (Mr. O'Brien) felt it incumbent on him to visit a certain place (the House of Commons), and there he witnessed proceedings of a very different character from those he had seen in Paris. There was a time when the British House of Commons was considered the first assembly of gentlemen in the world; but he could congratulate the butchers' boys of Hercules-street, Belfast, on whose conduct he had once occasion to animadvert, with being more mannerly, more generous, more magnanimous, than this reputed first assembly of gentlemen in the world. Perhaps he might even go further and add, that even the bull-dogs of Belfast were more civilised. (Hear, hear.) A bill was at present passing through the Legislature to extinguish the rising liberties of this country. Having read the third clause of the bill, he proceeded to say, that under that clause certain acts were pronounced to be felonies. It was a matter of notoriety that persons convicted of felony forfeited their property, and in reference to the Ministerial measure he would merely say, if such an act as that had been passed in 1831, Lord Stanley, Earl Fitzwilliam, Sir James Graham, and Lord John Russell himself, would have been liable to transportation, and the forfeiture of their estates. (Hear, hear.) But be that as it might, the question was whether the people would allow a great national effort to be put down by such a bill as that. (Cries of "no, no.") In the House of Commons, he (Mr. O'Brien) told the Ministry that the people of Ireland would laugh to scorn the provisions of that enactment, and he would now demand whether there was spirit enough amongst them to render that act impracticable? They might indict an individual for felony, but he held it to be an impossibility to indict the entire Irish nation (cheers.) He did not wish to be understood as meaning that the people should rush headlong into a mad rebellion. No, he intended to convey no such thing. That would be playing the game of the enemy. Nothing, he believed, was so much desired by the Government and their friends in this country as that the people should enter into a premature conflict with a power which they fancy possesses the capability of repressing popular sentiments. He would tell the Government to be cautious in realising their wishes. The people has much to do before they could expect to accomplish the object for which they were contending. The first great desideratum was a cordial union amongst all repealers (hear, hear). In that meeting there were, he believed, as many members of Conciliation-hall as of the Confederation, and he was happy to perceive that a similar spirit of fraternisation had manifested itself in Limerick, Cork, Galway, and other provincial towns in Ireland. The honourable gentleman then referred to the Protestant demonstrations in favour of repeal, and averred that his party were ready to give every guarantee for the purity of their intentions, and that should the Protestants join with them in a fraternal union, they should never have reason to regret it. After some further observations on that topic, Mr. O'Brien proceeded to say it was the duty of every man to provide himself with some description of weapon or another, and he should like much to have a list of those who would be ready to appear armed on a certain day before Sir George Grey. (Loud cheers) For his part he should have no objection to become the commander of a regiment of volunteers, of which the flag which had been presented to him that evening should be the standard. There was another matter to which public attention had recently been directed, and was rapidly advancing in public estimation—he alluded to the council of three hundred (hear, hear). The objections of astute lawyers to that proposal were being removed, and he trusted he should soon see Conciliation-hall Repealers and Confederates entering into frank and unreserved counsel with each other as to the best means of carrying the proposition into effect. Having commented on some further topics of little interest, the honourable member concluded by adverting to the proceedings in the Court of Queen's Bench on that day, criticising the charge of Judge Crampton, whom he regarded rather as counsel for the Crown than a Judge to decide on the merits of the case.

The Chairman next proposed, amidst loud applause, "the Health of the Deputation to France."—Mr. T. F. Meagher returned thanks, and taking up the tricoloured flag which hung over the chair, he said, I present to your chairman this flag, which I have proudly conveyed from France. I offer it to my native land, and I trust it will not refuse this symbol of new life. Its meaning I need not explain. The quick and penetrating intellect of a generation now springing into arms will catch it at a glance. The white in the centre signifies lasting truth between the orange and the green, and beneath its shadow I trust the Irish Protestant and the Irish Catholic hands will not only be closed, but clenched. (Loud cheers.) And if this flag be destined to stand the crimson flame of war, I trust that England shall behold once more in the white centre of that flag the red hand that struck her down on the plains of Ulster; and I pray this blessed night—and in this prayer I trust all will unite—that heaven may bless the vengeance which that signal is sure to kindle.—(Tremendous applause.)—The Chairman having accepted, on the part of the citizens of Dublin, the tricolour presented by Mr. Meagher, expressed his hope that it would one day float over the Irish houses of Parliament. He then gave "The Republic of France."—Mr. J. H. Dunne, a member of Conciliation Hall, responded to the toast, and expressed his determination to adopt the advice of Mr. Meagher in case his liberties were invaded, and he would cry "up with the barricades, and invoke the God of battles." (Loud cheers.) No more petitions should be signed—the day for petitioning had gone by—they would no longer supplicate—they would now demand. (Loud cheers.) He (Mr. Dunne) came to that meeting to fraternise with Smith O'Brien. (Loud cheers.) He came to that meeting to fraternise with T. F. Meagher. (Continued cheering.) He came to that meeting to fraternise with John Mitchel. (Tremendous cheering, accompanied with cries of "Shake hands;" to which Mr. Dunne responded by shaking hands with the three just named gentlemen. The scene elicited great applause.) On concluding, Mr. Dunne expressed himself in favour of the formation of the council of three hundred.

The Chairman next gave "The prosecuted Patriots."

Mr. Mitchel replied. He had always expressed his sentiments as to what ought to be the duty of Irishmen under existing circumstances, and whilst he was able to wield a pen and continued at liberty, he would not cease to inculcate the same wholesome doctrines. (Cheers.) There was great use in fire-arms—(loud cheers)—they might very safely neglect the registries, but by no means rifles. (Applause.) The people should remember that they had enemies to deal with who listen to no argument but the point of a pike. He thanked God he had lived long to see the day when Old and Young Irelanders forgot their differences, and amalgamated for the benefit of their common country. (Cheers.) Precisely in proportion as the people advanced in being armed, and in proportion as they loved their arms, so in the same ratio would they advance towards freedom. (Hear, hear, and cheers) "That glittering pike-point," said Mr. Mitchell, alluding to the spear at the end of the tri-coloured flag over the chair, "rises on us like a morning star in our darkness; and I hope yet to see that flag wave over a forest of Irish pikes." (Tremendous cheering.)

"The United States of America" was the next toast, to which Mr. T. D. Magee spoke in an address of a remarkably exciting nature.

The Chairman then proposed "The Friends of Ireland in England." Mr. Doheney responded. He avowed his determination to violate the provisions of the bill now in progress through the legislature, for the better protection of the Crown and Government, should it pass into a law.

The members of the Repeal Association who attended the *soirée* have, on mature reflection, withdrawn the hand of fraternity. At a meeting of the repeal committee on the 17th a resolution was unanimously adopted in which the *soirée* section declare that they attended at Music-hall merely to compliment Smith O'Brien, and not to espouse the principles o the confederation.

A good Example badly followed.—At the battle of Ivry, Henry Quatre assured his followers that where the danger was greatest they would find his plume, the *panache blanche*. His descendant, Louis Philippe, had a similar notion; in the moment of danger *he* showed *the white feather.—Examiner*

BIRTH.

At the Parsonage, Kelso, on Wednesday, the 2nd instant, Mrs. Lisle, of a son.

MARRIED.

By special license, at the residence of John Price, Esq., Balmain, on the 8th instant, by the Rev. William Ritchie, of the Scots Church, Church Hill, James Lovett, Esq., master of the brig William, to Miss Catherine Price, of Balmain.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, CHIPPENDALE.

A MEETING of Members of the Church of England will be held in the Christ Church School-house, on Monday evening next, the 14th August, to adopt measures for the completion of St. Paul's Church, now in progress. Residents at Chippendale, Redfern, and the adjoining district, are particularly requested to attend.

The chair will be taken at half-past 7 o'clock.

W. H. WALSH
ROBERT TOOTH } Trustees.
GEO. J. ARMITAGE.

August 8. 2203

[Advertisement.]

Sydney, August 5, 1848.

SIR,—As upon full enquiry into the case of seizure of kangaroo skins at my residence, in Pyrmont, you have been satisfied that they were not smuggled, but had paid duty, and as you have restored to me the property, I am free to admit that the information upon which you acted (however erroneous in itself) justified you as Tide Surveyor in making the seizure.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

GEORGE GILMORE.

To Edmund Gibbes, Esq.,
Tide Surveyor of Customs. 2215

FUNERAL.

THE friends of the late Miss Lucy Amelia Bryant are respectfully requested to attend her funeral, which will take place on Thursday next, at 4 o'clock P.M. The procession will move from her late residence, Cumberland-street.

HENRY THOMAS, Undertaker,
2242 Clarence-street.

IN THE ESTATE OF I. L. HORSEY.

ALL parties having claims on the above estate not having signed the deed are requested to forward the particulars thereof, to the undersigned on or before the 20th August instant, or they will be shut out of the benefit of the dividend about to be declared.

G. MORANT SIMPSON,
Trustee.

698, George-street, Sydney. 2202

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS are invited for the whole or any portion of Artificers' works required in the erection and completion of four dwelling-houses in William-street, for J. F. Josephson, Esq. The plans and specifications may be seen at the office of Mr. John Bibb, Architect, Macquarie-street, to whom tenders are to be delivered on or before the 16th instant.

Mr. Josephson will not be bound to accept the lowest tenders, and security for the due performance of the works to be given if demanded.

August 4. 1928

MAN AND WIFE WANTED.

WANTED, by a single gentleman, a Man and Wife who perfectly understand dairying; the man must be an expert milker. Apply to Micklejohn and Speers, Commercial Wharf, Sydney. 2240

DRAUGHT MARES. — Wanted, six heavy Mares of the Clydesdale or Cleveland breed. Apply to John Macnamara, Queen-street. 2220

CLERK AND STOREKEEPER.—Wanted, a regular good active man, as clerk and storekeeper. The strictest reference will be required. Apply, by letter only, post-paid, to W. Dean, 22, Church Hill. 2166

WANTED, a Female Cook. Apply to Mr. S. Wilkinson's Housekeeper, St. Leonard's, North Shore. 2213

WANTED, by a respectable young woman, married, employment as needlewoman by the week or month, in Sydney or the suburbs. The advertiser is a good needlewoman, and understands dressmaking. Respectable references given and required. Apply, post-paid, to A. B. C., Post Office, Sydney 2251

STOLEN OR STRAYED, from the station of the undersigned, Currawong, Yass:—

One bay Filly, 2 years old, branded JR
One bay Colt, 3 years old, branded JR
One grey Mare, aged, branded JR
One bay Horse, aged, branded JR
One bay Horse, aged, branded JR
One iron-grey Mare, aged, branded JR

If strayed, a liberal reward will be paid on delivery to Mr. Joseph Roberts, Hutchinsonian Farm, or Parramatta Road; or to the undersigned, at the station. If stolen, £5 each will be paid on conviction of the party or parties.

JAMES ROBERTS,
Currawong, Yass.

August 1. 2196

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STRAYED, from Maneroo, about four months back, two bay carriage Horses, one of them a very dark bay, black points, long tail, branded single C under the mane. The other a lighter bay, black points, long tail, branded W. H. on the ribs, also some figures under the saddle: he has a narrow white circle round the near fore leg immediately above the knee. If strayed, a reward of £5 will be given to any person delivering them to William Fatland, Bangalore, near Goulburn; or to R. Campbell, Esq., Bombalo, Maneroo. 1188

TO SELL, at Parramatta, that Property, belonging to Henry T. Cliffe, being at the corner of Church and Phillip streets, occupying one rood 17 perches, on which is a brick store, weatherboard and plastered cottage, containing three rooms, cook room, and a brick stable.

Also, in Macquarie-street, adjoining the Wesleyan Chapel, three allotments of Land, in all about 1142 rods, on which is a substantial stone built Cottage, of recent date, consisting of four rooms, detached kitchen, pantry, coach house and stable, with all conveniences for a respectable family. Both properties are freeholds. For further particulars, apply to THOMAS WATKINS, Esq., Parramatta; or Captain ASHMORE, Sydney.

TO SELL OR LET.

At Newtown, a most eligible spot for building, about ten acres of land, on the Newtown Road, same side as the Churches, and adjoining the property of the late Commissary Goodsir's.

Also, two roods eleven perches of land, on the most inviting part of the Surry Hills, either for gardening or building.

Apply to Captain ASHMORE, Kent-street.

TO LEASE.

4560 Acres of Land, called St. Petrox, Hunter's River, known as the property of the late R. C. Pritchett, adjoining that of J. C. Reid, Esq., 2560 acres of which called "Lamb's Valley." The whole lately in the occupation of William Charles Wentworth, Esq.

For particulars and terms apply to Captain ASHMORE, Kent-street, Sydney. 2212

TO LET, that commodious and genteel family residence, No. 51, Prince-street, formerly occupied by the Rev. J. Saunders, and recently by the late Mrs. L. Fletcher, well adapted for a private boarding house or school; possession can be had immediately.

Also,

Three new houses in Sussex-street, near Barker's Mills; rent moderate. Apply to

ROBERT WATSON,

2225 Grocer, Cumberland-street.

TO LET, the House and Grounds of Wanstead, Cook's River, at present in the occupation of F. W. Unwin, Esq. The house contains ten rooms, and many conveniences. A large garden in excellent order adjoins it. Communication with town is frequent and speedy, by means of the omnibuses plying to and from a short distance of the grounds; and in every respect it is a desirable residence for a respectable family. Apply to Messrs. ROBERT HOW and Co.; or to Mr. J. F. HILLY, Bank of Australia Buildings, or Newtown. 1455

TO LET, a neat cottage, on the Newtown Road, having a large drawing-room, dining-room, and sleeping-room on the ground floor, two good attics above, with detached kitchen, and servant's room; also, a garden well stocked with fruit trees, and about five acres of land, and a good well of water on the premises. Rent, £35 per annum. Apply to Mr. EDMUND GIBBES, at the Custom House 941

SALES BY AUCTION.

MR. A. POLACK will sell by auction, at his Rooms,

ON THURSDAY NEXT,

At 11 o'clock,

(Without reserve,)

4 Bales of bags
16 Barrels herrings
4 Casks half-pint tumblers
16 Dozen champagne glasses
7 Chests black tea and 5 bags sugar
12 Dozen fancy wine glasses
Variety of glass ornaments
2 Quarter-casks port wine
1 Case of Macintosh caps
50 Dozen striped cotton shirts
15 Silver watches, 24 guns
12 Tea caddies, 6 pit saws
Cutlery, consisting of 1, 2, 3, and 4 bladed knives and scissors
And a variety of other goods

Terms at sale. 2209

ASSORTED MUSTARDS AND SAUCES.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street,

ON THURSDAY, 10TH,

At 11 o'clock,

Five casks superior pint sauces, assorted
Fifteen casks ditto half-pint ditto ditto
Two casks (half) ½ lbs. Coleman's best mustard.

Terms at sale. 2250

EX EMMA AND COUNTESS OF YARBOROUGH.

45 PACKAGES CHOICE DRAPERY AND FANCY GOODS.

MR. JOHN RICKARDS will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street,

ON THURSDAY, AUGUST 10TH,

At 11 o'clock,

The undermentioned valuable assortment of drapery and fancy goods, recent importations from the celebrated houses of Ellis and Everington, Morrison, Dillon, &c.

2 Bales 7-8 heavy cotton ticks
2 Ditto 3-4 ditto ditto
2 Ditto 36-inch grey domestics
1 Ditto 34-inch ditto ditto
1 Ditto 9 and 10-4 blankets
1 Case 4-4 and 5-4 patent black crapes
1 Ditto black Parramatta cloths
2 Ditto ditto and coloured Orleans ditto
2 Ditto ditto ditto and Coburgh ditto
1 Ditto 8-4 black bordered fancy silk tartan shawls
1 Ditto fancy woollen, silk, and balzorine turnovers
1 Ditto ladies' black satin shawls and scarfs
2 Cases ladies' and children's fancy silk handkerchiefs, Barcelonas and Romals
2 Ditto silk trimmings, namely, black and coloured silk gimps, all widths, chain gimps, black, white, silk, polka, bag cords, bullions, fringes, &c., &c.
1 Ditto trimmings in black and fancy silk and satin buttons, graduated dress ornaments, &c., &c.
12 Cartoons fancy gauze ribbons
12 Ditto French and British flowers
2 Cases black silk satinettes and serges
2 Ditto black and fancy Brussels, bandannas, and silk and satin scarfs
2 Ditto silk and spun corahs
1 Ditto sporting woollen cravats
2 Ditto gloves, namely, ladies' long kid, white, black, and coloured kid, black, pearl, and coloured silk gloves
1 Ditto gent's black kid, silk, buckskin, cloth, and Berlin gloves
2 Ditto lace goods, namely, women's and children's cotton laces, whisker blonds, cotton and Egyptian edges, black and white lace falls and scarfs, Jenny Lind caps, plain and figured nets
1 Ditto Berlin goods, in children's hoods and capes, boas, opera ties, French frills, &c., &c.
1 Ditto ladies cotille and French jean stays
2 Ditto dark fancy prints
1 Ditto ditto ditto ginghams
2 Ditto 4-4 dressed Hollands
1 Ditto 6-4 ditto ditto
1 Ditto 4-4 rough ditto
1 Ditto drab moleskins, &c., &c.

J. Rickards, in inviting the attention of the trade to the above goods, begs to state they have been selected in London by an experienced buyer in the Sydney trade—drapers, storekeepers, and dealers, have now an opportunity of sorting up their stocks.

Terms liberal, at sale. 2177

JUST LANDED.

TO WATCHMAKERS AND OTHERS.

WATCH MATERIALS--SUPERIOR ASSORTMENT.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street,

ON THURSDAY NEXT, 10TH AUGUST,

At 11 o'clock precisely,

Gilt watch hands, spade shape
Gold ditto ditto
Blue steel seconds hands, fish tail pattern
Watch verges, English make
Hair springs, all sizes
Watch main springs
Watch dials, from 18 to 26
Watch keys, best double gilt, steel pipes
Lunette watch glasses, assorted sizes
Ditto ditto ditto from 20 to 26
Patent ditto, from 20 to 26

From one of the most eminent manufactures in London.

Terms liberal—at sale. 2252

TALLOW, SHEEPSKINS, HIDES, BACON, CHEESE, BUTTER, HAMS, LARD, &c.

(Just arrived from the country.)

MR. R. FAWCETT

WILL sell by public auction, at his Commercial Sale Rooms, George-street,

ON THURSDAY, 10TH AUGUST,

At 12 o'clock precisely,

6 Casks tallow
130 Hides
Lot of sheepskins
20 Sides excellent bacon
25 Cwt. cheese, first rate
6 Kegs of butter, very prime
12 Hams
Lard, &c.

Terms—Cash. 2244

HANDSOME MIRROR, CASE SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, GUN IN CASE,

SUNDRY LAW AND OTHER BOOKS.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street,

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, AUGUST 11,

At eleven o'clock,

A handsomely gilt and ornamented mirror
A case of surgical instruments
A double barrelled gun, in case complete
Sundry Law Books, consisting of—
Sweet's Concise Precedents on Conveyancing, Oulton's Index to the Irish Statutes, Blackstone's Commentaries, Finlay's Landlord and Tenant, Roscoe's Digest, Chittey's Law of Contracts, &c.
And sundry volumes of Classical and other works

Terms—Cash. 2246

IN THE INSOLVENT ESTATE OF J. JARDINE,

BY ORDER OF THE OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE.

SHEEP AND CATTLE.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON is instructed to sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street,

ON THURSDAY, AUGUST 10,

At 11 o'clock,

530 Ewes, mixed ages } More or less, depas-
220 Wethers } turing at Wellington.

Also,

A mixed herd of about 150 head of cattle, running at the Lower Macquarie River.

Terms—Cash. 2247

IN THE INSOLVENT ESTATE OF H. H. MACARTHUR, ESQ.

BY ORDER OF THE OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE.

HORSES, CATTLE, FARMING IMPLEMENTS, &c., HALF SHARE OF THE NATIVE STEAMER, AND AUSTRALIAN CLUB DEBENTURES.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON is instructed to sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street,

ON FRIDAY, AUGUST 25,

At 12 o'clock,

The whole of the Farming Implements, Tools, Drays, Carts, Saddles, Bridles, Harness, Hurdles, Cottage Furniture, &c., (as per inventory in the hands of the Auctioneer,) at ARTHURSLEIGH, INVERARY, AND KINGSDALE.

Five superior draught horses
Five ditto saddle horses
Ten milking cows
One two-year old heifer
Five female calves
One bull
One two-year old steer
Two yearling steers
Two unbranded calves

ALSO,

The right, title, and interest of the Official Assignee in and unto the

ONE HALF-SHARE OF THE NATIVE STEAMER

AND

THREE AUSTRALIAN CLUB DEBENTURES, OF £20 EACH.

Terms—Cash. 2248

THIRTEEN THOUSAND AND NINETY - TWO FINE WOOLLED SHEEP.

THE WELL KNOWN FLOCKS OF H. H. MACARTHUR, ESQ.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON has received instructions

FROM THE MORTGAGEES,

to sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street,

ON FRIDAY, AUGUST 25,

At twelve o'clock,

13,092 FINE WOOLLED SHEEP,

Deliverable as follows—

AT ARTHURSLEIGH.

3979 Ewes, mixed ages
1665 Ditto, yearlings
326 Wethers, mixed ages
1434 Ditto yearlings
382 Rams, mixed ages
376 Ditto yearlings

8162 —

AT INVERARY.

2278 Ewes, mixed ages
287 Wethers, ditto

2565 —

AT KINGSDALE.

1487 Ewes, mixed ages
602 Ditto yearlings
276 Wethers, ditto

2365 —

13,092 Total.

☞ The fully established reputation of these flocks renders it unnecessary for the auctioneer to expatiate upon their quality, or to refer to the price their produce usually commands in the home market, suffice it for him merely to remind intending purchasers that when delivered they will have

A FULL FLEECE UPON THEIR BACKS,

and that they are to be peremptorily sold.

*** The authentic return may be seen on application to the auctioneer.

Terms at sale. 2249

WOOLPACKS.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON

WILL sell by auction, at his Rooms,

ON FRIDAY NEXT, 11TH AUGUST,

At 11 o'clock,

Without Reserve.

1500 Woolpacks.

Terms at sale. 2084

TO SHOEMAKERS AND SADDLERS.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON

WILL sell by auction, at his Rooms,

ON TUESDAY NEXT, 15TH AUGUST,

At eleven o'clock,

FIFTY TRUNKS BOOTS AND SHOES, consisting of—

Ladies', Gentlemen's, and Children's
Four cases Saddles, Bridles, and Girths.

Full particulars will appear in to-morrow's *Herald*. 2233

ROSEWOOD CABINET PIANO.

ON ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN, EX ELPHINSTONE, TILLMAN, MASTER, FROM LONDON.

MR CHARLES NEWTON

WILL sell by auction, at his Rooms,

THIS DAY, 9TH AUGUST,

At eleven o'clock,

MPL in triangle.

§ 2 §.—One cabinet piano, 6¾ octave, by BARAGIOLA.

Damaged by sea water.

Terms—Cash. 2083

SEVEN SPLENDID PIANOFORTES, ELEGANT CHINA VASES, SUPERB ACCORDIONS, HANDSOME DRESSING CASES, SUPERIOR HAIR BRUSHES.

FOR SALE BY AUCTION,

WITHOUT RESERVE.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON

HAS received instructions from the IMPORTER, to sell by auction, at his Rooms,

THIS DAY, 9TH AUGUST,

At 11 o'clock,

Without reserve,

The undermentioned pianos, viz.:—

No. 1, A full grand 6¾ octave pianoforte, by *Kirkham and Sons*
No. 2, A cabinet 6¾ octave by *Baragiola*
No. 3, A cottage 6 octave by *Spaidman*
No. 4, A square 6 octave by Foubert
No. 5, A square 6 octave, very superior, by *Kirkham and Sons*
No. 6, A cottage 6 octave, very superior, by *Kirkham and Sons*
No. 7, A square 6 octave by *Tomkinson*

One case containing a magnificent assortment of elegant vases, chimney ornaments and jars, in the most costly and chaste designs

ACCORDIONS.

3 Handsome 32-key perfect accordions, with instruction books
3 Handsome 27-key perfect accordions, with instruction books
1 Case containing superior gothic hair-brushes and tooth-brushes
1 Case superior lady's dressing cases and fittings complete
1 Case gentlemen's dressing cases and writing desks
1 Case handsome pictures, various subjects

Intending purchasers may inspect the pianofortes at the rooms, any time previous to the sale. Terms at sale. 1695

ELEGANT SATIN PAPER HANGINGS, AND AMBER SATIN DAMASK.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON

WILL sell by auction, at his Rooms,

THIS DAY, AUGUST 9TH,

At 11 o'clock,

TWO CASES HANDSOME SATIN PAPER-HANGINGS

FIVE PIECES AMBER SATIN DAMASK.

Terms at sale. 1942

SALE OF FANCY DRAPERY,

MR. CHARLES NEWTON

WILL sell by auction, at his Rooms,

ON FRIDAY NEXT, THE 11TH AUGUST,

At 11 o'clock,

The undermentioned superior assortment of choice goods.

JUST LANDED.

One case handsome bonnet ribbons
One ditto ditto cap ditto
One ditto plain sarsnet and satin ditto
One ditto fashionable bredes
One ditto whisker blonds and lace goods
One ditto rich French flowers
Two ditto superior Tuscan bonnets
Two ditto fancy pearl and rice ditto
One case Dunstable bonnets
Two ditto Tuscan and Dunstable hats
One ditto ditto ditto Jenny Lind hats
One ditto willow bonnets
One ditto white satteen stays
One ditto coutille ditto
One ditto coloured satteen ditto
One ditto soft caps
One ditto trimmed night caps
One ditto handsome silk handkerchiefs, consisting of—
Ladies' fancies, in great variety
Gentlemen's black and fancy satins
Black satin opera ties and scarfs
Ladies' scarfs and shawls
One ditto superior Gala plaids
One ditto ditto 6-4 ditto
Two ditto handsome de laine dresses
One ditto infants' long and short robes, frock bodies, monthly gowns, &c., &c.

Terms at sale. 2235

TWENTY-EIGHT BALES AND CASES OF DRAPERY AND SLOPS.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON

WILL sell by auction, at his Rooms,

ON FRIDAY NEXT, THE 11TH AUGUST,

At 11 o'clock,

Two cases stout moleskin trousers
One case handsome satin vests
One bale best serge shirts
Two bales best Scotch twill shirts
One case white shirts, linen fronts
Two bales superior pilot coats
Four cases drab moleskins
Three bales heavy cotton checks, stripes, and Bengal cords
Four cases handsome prints
One case 9-8 lilac ditto
Two cases white and black cotton hose
One case children's socks
One case women's black cashmere hose
Two cases superior cotton handkerchiefs
One case Monteith's ditto.

Terms at sale. 2234

IMPORTANT SALE OF HOBART TOWN PRODUCE,

KANGAROO SKINS
RASPBERRY JAM
APPLES
ONIONS
STAVES
INCH BOARDS
FINE FLOUR

Now landing, ex Joseph Cripps, from Hobart Town.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD

Has been favoured with instructions from the importer, to submit for unreserved sale by public auction, at the City Mart, 474, George-street,

ON FRIDAY NEXT, 11TH INSTANT,

At 11 o'clock,

THE following goods, now landing from the Joseph Cripps, and which are all of the first quality:—

21 Dozen kangaroo skins
12 Cases raspberry jams, got up in the best manner, and packed in small jars
10 Cases apples
45 Bags, each 200 lbs., fine flour
8 Baskets onions
100 Staves
Quantity of one-inch boards.

Terms at sale. 2231

EX LIMA, FROM LONDON.

SHERRY WINE
PORT WINE
HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD

Has been instructed to sell by public auction, (Without reserve,)

At the City Mart, 474, George-street,

ON FRIDAY NEXT, 11TH AUGUST,

At 12 o'clock,

THE undermentioned Wines and Spirits, ex Lima, which were selected and purchased by the importer whilst in London, and can therefore be relied on and guaranteed to be of the best description, viz.:—

6 Hogsheads Sherry
2 Ditto Sherry
4 Ditto Port
2 Ditto Hennessey's Brandy.

Samples can be obtained at the rooms on Thursday.

Terms at sale. 2232

MRS. ATKINSON

Being about to retire from the colony, has favoured Mr. Lloyd with instructions to dispose of by public auction, all her valuable Household Furniture, Musical Instruments, Plate, Glass, Linen, &c.

Parties furnishing, private families, furniture brokers, and all other persons desirous of purchasing really good articles, are respectfully informed that

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD

Will sell by auction, upon the premises, Jamison-street,

ON MONDAY, 14TH AUGUST

At 11 o'clock precisely,

ALL the Valuable and Extensive Suite of Elegant HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, and other Effects.

It comprises—

The most complete assortment of articles necessary to a large and well-furnished house in

Drawing-room furniture
Dining-room ditto
Sitting-room ditto
Parlour ditto
And bed-room ditto

A most excellent self-acting Pianoforte, well-known to the musical world as being the finest instrument of the kind in the colony
A fine toned horizontal square Pianoforte

And

A highly finished and very superior grand Pianoforte; this instrument is admirably adapted for the use of schools, concerts, or any place where extensive practice may be requisite,

All from eminent makers.

A large assortment of—

Table and bed linen
Plate and plated ware
Cutlery
Crockery
Glass
&c., &c. &c.

Also,

Kitchen and pantry furniture
Culinary utensils, &c.

Terms at sale.

Intending purchasers will be allowed to inspect the Furniture between the hours of ten and three, on Saturday. 187

LIBRARY OF 1000 VOLUMES OF BOOKS.

MR. MORT

Will sell by public auction, at his Rooms, George-street,

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, 9TH AUGUST.

At 11 o'clock,

1000 VOLUMES BOOKS, embracing a great variety of valuable works, viz.:—

Penny Cyclopædia, 2 copies complete, 27 vols.
Chambers' Edinburgh Journal
Sir Walter Scott's Works, complete
Lord Byron's Works, Bacon's Abridgment of the Law, 4 vols.
Loudon's Encyclopædia of Gardening and Agriculture, Loudon's Architecture, Blair's Sermons, British Encyclopædia, Bacon's Works, Black Book, Chambers' Dictionary, Histoire D'Angleterre, beautifully illustrated, 4 vols., Gardeners' Magazine, 7 vols., British Classics, 4 vols., Literary Panorama, 11 vols, Annual Register, 14 vols., Tor Hill, Bulwer's Athens, Agnes De Mansfeldt, Evans's Statutes, 6 vols., Bell's Commentaries, King's Interest Tables.

Upon application at the rooms catalogues may be had.

Terms—Cash. 2227

CHOICE OIL PAINTINGS, IN RICH GILT FRAMES,

(JUST IMPORTED.)

MR. MORT

Will sell by public auction, at his Rooms,

THIS DAY, 9TH AUGUST,

At 11 o'clock,

TWENTY PAINTINGS IN OIL, comprising many valuable works of art, amongst which are—

Scene on the Scheldt, by Huggyns
The Penitent, by Van Koere
Kew Gardens, (a beautiful piece painted expressly for King William the Fourth)
The False Duena, by A. Watteau
Waggon and Horse, a spirited painting by Haygarth
&c., &c., &c.

The whole are now on view at the Rooms of the Auctioneer.

Terms—Cash. 2230

TO TOBACCONISTS,

SHIPPERS TO NEW ZEALAND, STOREKEEPERS, AND OTHERS.

AT POLLARD'S BONDED STORES,

Queen's-place.

MR. MORT

Will sell by public auction,

THIS DAY, 9TH AUGUST,

At eleven o'clock precisely,

166 PACKAGES OF NEGROHEAD TOBACCO, (in bond,) namely:—

60 Kegs of Tobacco, principally of the celebrated DUNLOP brand,

Also,

10 Boxes of first-rate Cavendish.

Also,

4 Tierces of Barrett's Twist, just landed.

Also,

60 Boxes fine Cavendish Tobacco
15 Ditto Negrohead ditto
4 Half-tierces ditto ditto.

Also,

10 Kegs Negrohead Tobacco, of the first-rate brand HUGH BROWN.

Mr. Mort particularly calls attention to the above advertisement, as it appears certain that American Negrohead will soon become scarce in the market, and therefore an opportunity like this of buying good Tobacco at an unreserved sale is not likely to occur again for many years.

Terms, approved bills at three and four months. 2228

NEGROHEAD.

JUST LANDED FROM THE "HONDURAS,"

20 KEGS.

MR. MORT

Has received instructions, to sell by public auction, at

THE STORES OF MR. POLLARD,

QUEEN'S PLACE,

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, 9TH AUGUST,

20 KEGS of prime Negrohead Tobacco, just landed, in lots of five kegs.

Terms at sale. 2226

HUNT'S PORT WINE, ALES, &c.

MR. MORT

Will sell by public auction, at the stores of MESSRS. LAMB, PARBURY, AND CO.

Darling Harbour,

TO-MORROW, 10TH AUGUST,

At eleven o clock,

15 BARRELS ASHBY'S ALE
47 hogsheads Ind, Coope, and Co.'s ale

ALSO,

4 quarter-casks treble diamond port wine

ALSO,

On account and risk of the former purchaser. Diamond.

2 hogsheads } Hunt's port wine, ex
5 quarter-casks } Fanny.

Terms at sale. 2229

A GOOD INVESTMENT.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION,

TWO HOUSES IN PRINCE-STREET,

Opposite the Wesleyan Chapel, bringing in 14s. 6d. per week.

MR. STUBBS is instructed by Mr. Andrew Cummings to sell by public auction, on the ground, Prince-street, opposite the Wesleyan Chapel,

All his right, title, and interest, in and to Two Houses in Prince-street, producing

£37 14s. per annum.

The sale will take place on the ground, Prince-street,

ON WEDNESDAY, 16TH AUGUST,

At twelve o'clock precisely,

TERMS:—Ten per cent. cash deposit, and the residue at three months' without interest. 2222

FRIDAY, AUGUST 18.

IMPORTANT SALE BY AUCTION OF BOOTH'S INN, WINDSOR ROAD, THE ROYAL OAK.

MR. STUBBS is favoured with instructions to sell by public auction, at the Mart, King-street, on

FRIDAY, 18TH AUGUST,

Sale at 12 o'clock precisely,

All that newly-erected and noble mansion, known as Booth's Inn, on the Windsor Road, together with the whole of the outbuildings and conveniences.

Tap-room and bar
Large parlours, large entrance hall
Large bed-rooms attached to each of the parlours
Travellers' bed-rooms
Servants' bed-rooms
Kitchen, extensive cellarage, out-houses
Dairy and piggery
Six-stall stable and coach-house

ORCHARD

Containing every variety of fruit trees.

The foundation of the house is all stone, and the front of fine chiselled stone; and the carpenters' and joiners' work of first-rate description.

The whole estate, comprising 37 acres, more or less, is fenced in, and

20 TONS OF HAY

have been grown in one paddock.

☞ One acre of the land has been reserved for a place of worship.

A better opportunity of securing a certain independence rarely offers, and immediate possession can be given.

Terms liberal at sale.

Title, first-rate. 2223

CLYDESDALE ENTIRE.

MR. STEWART will sell by auction, at his Stables, in York-street,

ON SATURDAY,

ATHOL, a very fine entire horse, by North Briton, out of a Glenelg mare. He is six years old, broken to plough and cart, and is uncommonly active and strong. 2170

WEDNESDAY, 9TH AUGUST.

TO WINE MERCHANTS, PUBLICANS, PRIVATE FAMILIES, DEALERS, AND OTHERS,

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, at the STORES OF MESSRS. GRIFFITHS, FANNING, AND CO., Spring-street, on

THIS DAY, 9TH AUGUST,

At 11 o'clock,

WITHOUT RESERVE, TO CLOSE CONSIGNMENTS:

Port wine, in hogsheads and quarter-casks
Sherry, in ditto and ditto
Teneriffe, in ditto and ditto
Benecarlo, in pipes, hogsheads, and quarter-casks
Champagne, in 1 dozen cases
Claret, in 1 dozen cases
Truman's XX ale, in hogsheads
Truman's XX stout, in ditto
Neville, Reid, and Co.'s ale, in ditto
Bottled ale, in 3 dozen casks
Barrett's tobacco, half-tierces
Cigars, &c.

☞ Particulars of quantities will appear in a future advertisement.

Terms at sale. 1865

THURSDAY, 10TH AUGUST.

FRENCH WINES, GLAUBER SALTS, ARROWROOT, HAMS, CONFECTIONARY, PRESERVED FRUITS AND JAMS, CAYENNE PEPPER, CURRY POWDER, TAPIOCA, &c.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS

Will sell by auction, at his Mart,

ON THURSDAY, 10TH AUGUST,

At 11 o'clock,

66 CASES FRENCH WINES, about 120 dozen

4 casks glauber salts
1 tierce pimento
1 cask Roman cement
Cases arrowroot
1 cask hams
50 packages peppermint lozenges and mixed comfits
6 cases candied lemon, citron, and orange peel
12 jars preserved oranges, suitable for dessert
1 case assorted jams, jelly, and marmalade
5 dozen very superior cayenne pepper
6 dozen quarts curry powder
6 dozen, lbs., ditto
5 dozen tomato sauce, in pints
2 cases tapioca
15 barrels herrings, colonial soap, &c.

Terms at sale. 2044

THURSDAY, 10TH INSTANT.

OLD SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS AND MATERIALS, STOPPERED BOTTLES, JARS, &c.

FOR SALE BY AUCTION,

BY MR. SAMUEL LYONS,

At H. M. Medical Depôt Civil Hospital, Macquarie-street, adjoining the

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL CHAMBERS,

ON THURSDAY, 10TH INSTANT,

At ten o'clock precisely,

Consisting of

CUPPING, TOOTH, AMPUTATING, DISSECTING, AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS, electrical machine, stomach pumps, scales and weights, surgical materials, thermometers, &c., too numerous to particularise.

Some thousands of used, Sound Bottles, Stoppered Bottles, Jars, &c., &c., &c.,

belonging to H. M. Government, both of the civil and military services.

Terms—Cash. 2038

THURSDAY, 10TH AUGUST.

HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, at his Mart,

ON THURSDAY, 10TH AUGUST,

At one o'clock,

One pair very handsome English mahogany carved card tables
One small sideboard
One chiffonnier
One office table
One round work table
Handsome blue damask couch
Six horse hair chairs, washhand stands, &c.

Terms at sale. 2206

PRELIMINARY NOTICE TO IRONMONGERS, GLAZIERS, COUNTRY STOREKEEPERS, DEALERS, AND OTHERS.

142 PACKAGES MERCHANDISE,

Ex James Scott.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, at his Mart,

(On a future day, to be fixed as soon as the goods are landed.)

THE FOLLOWING ASSORTMENT OF GOODS,

Selected for this colony, and now landing, ex James Scott:—

100 Boxes window glass, from 10 x 12 to 18 x 24
1 Case plated snuffers and trays, &c.
3 Hogsheads tinned saucepans and covers
3 Ditto tinned oval pots, glue pots, square box mills, tea kettles, stew pans, frying pans, cinder sifters, and dust shovels
2 Crates brass fenders and fire brasses
2 Casks Britannia-metal tea and coffee-pots
2 Casks pillar and oblong candlesticks
16 Crates bronze, brass, and black fenders
5 Casks brooms, water, scrubbing, hearth, spoke, sash, ground, hat, and stock brushes
3 Mats broom handles
2 Cases sash tools
1 Case patent leather bags, with locks
1 Bale sewing twine
1 Bale Osnaburgs

And

498 CANVAS COPPER ORE BAGS.

Terms at sale. 2205

THURSDAY, 10TH AUGUST.

DRESSED DOLLS.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, at his Mart,

ON THURSDAY, 10TH AUGUST,

At eleven o'clock.

One case dressed dolls, assorted sizes.

Terms—Cash. 2042

THURSDAY, 10TH AUGUST.

CURLED HORSE-HAIR, AND THREE BUSHEL BAGS.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS

Will sell by auction, at his Mart, on

THURSDAY, 10TH AUGUST,

At 11 o'clock,

3 BALES Three bushel Bags, about 12 cwt. Curled Horse-hair, first quality.

Terms at sale. 2043

FRIDAY, 25TH INSTANT.

SPLENDID PIECE OF LAND AT KISSING POINT.

CONTAINING 132 ACRES 2 ROODS,

FORMING A PENINSULA, BOUNDED BY THE PARRAMATTA RIVER AND MORRISON'S BAY.

TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION,

BY

MR. SAMUEL LYONS

AT HIS MART,

ON FRIDAY, 25TH INSTANT,

At 11 o'clock precisely,

Originally forming part of the estate of the late James Squire, as surveyed and partitioned under a commission from the Supreme Court of New South Wales, in 1842.

This valuable property is prettily situated on the RIVER, extending from KISSING POINT to LONG POINT, on the south-west, and from thence to MORRISON'S CREEK, in the bay of that name which forms its boundary on the north-east. It has consequently an immense water frontage, and requires only about 66 chains of fencing to enclose it entirely. It is marked C on the plan on view at the mart, and is thus described in the deed;

That piece of land measuring

132 ACRES, 2 ROODS,

more or less, commencing at a post at high water mark, on the Parramatta River, at the south-east corner of the alloted road of one chain, and bounded on the north-west by that road, bearing north 32 degrees east, 43 chains to a post at the south-east corner of the said allotted road, and the government road of 150 links wide; thence on the north-east by the south side of the said government road, bearing south 58 degrees east 3 chains, and further, with the same bearing adjoining Tyrrell's grant ten chains; thence by a line bearing north 32 degrees east 10 chains 70 links to Morrison's Creek; and thence on all other sides by that Creek, the high-water mark along Morrison's Bay, and the Parramatta River, to the commencing point,—the same consisting of 126 acres and 2 roods, of Nicholas Bayley's grant, and 6 acres of John Callaghan's grant, all in the parish of Hunter's Hill, district of Parramatta, and county of Cumberland."

☞ Mr. LYONS confidently recommends the above to the notice of parties in search of delightful river-side property; as it is allowed that some of the most beautiful scenery on the Parramatta river is to be found in the vicinity of Kissing Point.

Terms at sale.

Plan on view at the Mart. 1814

MONDAY, 28TH AUGUST.

IN THE INSOLVENT ESTATE OF THE LATE R. WINDEYER, ESQ.

BY ORDER OF THE OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, at his Mart,

ON MONDAY, 28TH AUGUST,

At 11 o'clock,

ALL THE LANDED PROPERTIES of the late Richard Windeyer, Esq., on the Hunter River, according to the following descriptions:—

LOT 1.

640 Acres of Land in the parish of Eldon, county of Gloucester, known as GRAHAM'S TOWN, surveyed and laid out in allotments under Mr. Windeyer's directions previous to his decease.

On one portion of this there is a Cottage, two huts, and fenced Paddocks.

☞ Title, unexceptionable.

LOT 2.

590 Acres of Land, parish of Stowell, county of Gloucester, called the Woodlands, subject to a quit-rent of £4 18s. 4d., from the 1st of January, 1840.

This land has been fenced in and subdivided into paddocks, and used as a horse station.

☞ Title unexceptionable.

LOT 3.

315 Acres, more or less, of Land, parish of Eldon, county of Gloucester, immediately behind Raymond Terrace.

☞ Title unexceptionable.

LOT 4.

640 Acres of Land, parish of Stockton, county of Gloucester.

On this section there is a dairy station, it is now let to tenants.

☞ Title unexceptionable.

LOT 5.

750 Acres of Land, parish of Eldon, county of Gloucester.

☞ Title unexceptionable.

LOT 6.

2130 Acres of Land, parish of Stockton, county of Gloucester.

*** On a portion of one of the grants constituting this lot, known as "a'Beckett's selection," are 37½ acres of vineyard, and several tenanted farms, yielding a rental of about £45 per annum.

LOT 7.

2560 Acres of Land, in the parishes of Thornton and Eldon, county of Gloucester, subject to a mortgage of £600, called "Brennand's Farm."

This land was surveyed and laid out for sale in small farms, previously to Mr. Windeyer's death.

LOT 8.

2380 ACRES OF LAND, IN THE COUNTY OF GLOUCESTER.

A great portion of this land has been surveyed and laid out in small farms, immediately before the decease of Mr. Windeyer, and one pound per acre offered for several of the allotments.

LOT 9.

The equity of redemption, and all the right, title, and interest, of the official assignee, of and in 850 acres of land, in the parish of Stockton, county of Gloucester, called the Tomago Estate, mortgaged for £1200.

On this estate is

TOMAGO HOUSE.

with out-buildings, excellent garden, and several paddocks, the largest and oldest portion of the vineyard, and several tenanted farms, producing a rental of about £100 per annum.

The house is a substantially built stone mansion, with slated roof and spacious cellars. The outbuildings consist of superintendent's house, brick-built and shingled, containing two rooms, laundry, and kitchen; brick-built store and storekeeper's residence, a stone built Gothic cottage in the vineyard, a double weather-boarded cottage, gardener's cottage, and eight huts and stabling; also, stockyard, &c.

LOT 10.

The equity of redemption, and all the right, title, and interest, of the official assignee of and in 1440 acres of land, parish of Eldon, county of Gloucester. Mortgaged for £1200.

LOT 11.

The equity of redemption, and all the right, title, and interest, of the official assignee of and in 2780 acres of land, parish of Stowell, county of Gloucester. Mortgaged for £900.

LOT 12.

A reversionary interest of Richard Windeyer, 222 acres of land, being part of the same grant as lot 3.

Upon the expiration of a lease of 99 years, determinable on the dropping of the life of Walter Humdill Windeyer and his wife.

Terms at time of sale. 1866

SYDNEY PRICE CURRENT.

Corrected to 8th August, 1848.

Article	Description	Price
	BEER, &c.	
Ale	Allsop's, No. 3, per hhd.	6 15 0
	Bass's " "	7 10 0
	Byass's, doz.	0 7 6
	Dunbar's, "	0 7 6
	Marzetti's "	0 7 6
Porter	Byass's "	0 7 6
	Dunbar's "	0 7 6
	Marzetti's "	0 7 6
	Taylor's, hhd.	5 5 0
	Truman's "	5 0 0
	SPIRITS, &c.	
Brandy	Hennessy's dark, gal. 6s. to	0 6 3
	Martel's " 6s. 3d. to	0 6 6
Geneva	(Dutch pf.) 14 to 16 u.p. case	19s to 20s.
Gin	Pale, gallon	0 4 0
Rum	B.P., 8 o.p. "	0 3 6
	E.I., proof " 2s. 6d. to	0 2 9
Whiskey, 11 o.p.	" 6s. 6d. to	0 7 0
	WINES, &c.	
Champagne, dozen,		Nominal
Claret	"	"
Marsala	Ingham's, pipe	18 0 0
	Woodhouse's " "	"
Port	dozen 21s. to	1 10 0
	Hunt's ◇ gallon, 4s. 6d. to	0 5 0
Sherry	" 6s. to	0 10 0
	dozen, 21s. to	1 10 0
Tarragona	gallon,	Nominal
Teneriffe	"	"
	FRUITS, &c.	
Almonds, Jordan	lb.	0 2 6
Apples	Dried " 6d. to	0 0 7
Currants, Patras	" 5½d. to	0 0 6
Figs	Eleme " 8d. to	0 0 10
Fruit	Bottled doz. 14s. to	0 15 0
Nuts	Barcelona " 9d. to	0 0 10
Raisins	Muscatels " 6d. to	0 0 7
	Eleme "	0 0 5
	METALS, &c.	
Copper	Sheathing nails lb. 11d. to	0 1 0
	" plates "	0 1 1
Iron	Bar and bolt, cwt. 16s. to	0 18 0
	Boiler plates " 18s. to	1 1 0
	Hoops, sizes ton	19 0 0
	Nailrod "	19 0 0
	Pigs, No. 1 Scotch £4 10 to	5 0 0
Lead	Pipe "	30 0 0
	Sheet "	Nominal
Sheathing metal, Muntz's	lb.	0 1 0
Tin	Block " 2s. to	0 2 6
	Plates, charcoal IC, box	2 0 0
	" " IX, "	2 5 0
	" " IXX, "	2 10 0
Zinc	Rolled ton	Nominal
	OILS, PAINTS, &c.	
Oil	Black tun.	20 0 0
	Butts, Gordon's "	2 5 0
	Castor lb.	Nominal
	Cocoanut ton £32 to	33 0 0
	Linseed boil. drms, gal 4s to	0 4 6
	" raw, " "	0 4 0
	Olive, in jars	Nominal
	" pints doz. 16s. to	0 17 0
	Sperm ton	60 0 0
Paints	Black "	25 0 0
	Green " £32 to	36 0 0
	Red " £26 to	28 0 0
	White " £30 to	32 0 0
	Yellow " £26 to	28 0 0
Pitch	Stockholm	Nominal
Rosin	American cwt.	0 12 0
Tar	Stockholm "	2 0 0
Turps	English, drums, gal 6s 1d to	0 7 0
Varnish	Noble and Roll's, invoice	Nominal
Whiting, in casks, ton	£4 10s. to	5 0 0
	EASTERN PRODUCE.	
Arrowroot, S. S. Island		56 0 0
Cigars	Manila 3s, M.	2 8 0
	" 4s, "	1 19 0
Coffee	Java lb. 3½d. to	0 0 4
	Manila " 4½d. to	0 0 5
Cordage	Coir ton	40 0 0
	" warps "	40 0 0
	Manila, common "	42 0 0
	" patent "	45 0 0
Pepper	Black "	25 0 0
	White "	56 0 0
Pimento	"	100 0 0
Rice	Java	None
	Patna bag £1 1s. to	1 4 0
Sago	Pearl ton	42 0 0
Sugar	China, brown " £18 to	18 10 0
	" white £24 10s. to	26 0 0
	Java, brown "	19 0 0
	" white £28 to	31 0 0
	Manila, pampanga "	19 10 0
	" pangassinan "	20 0 0
Tea	Congou, chest £4 to	4 5 0
	Hysonskin "	3 3 0
	SUNDRIES.	
Anchors	cwt.	2 8 0
Bags	3 bushel, hemp 18s. to	0 19 0
	" tow 17s. to	0 18 0
Barley	V. D. Land 4s. 6d. to	0 5 0
Beef	Colonial, Drake's	3 10 0
	Irish	None
Blue	Colman's, cwt.	5 2 0
Candles	Sperm, American, lb. 1s 6d to	0 1 8
	Stearine "	0 1 4
Canvas	Sotch. blchd. No. 1, yd. 13d to	0 1 2
Cheese	Cheddar	None
	Colonial, lb.	0 0 4
Cordage	English, Frost's, ton	45 0 0
Epsom Salts	" "	12 0 0
Fish	Herrings, red, tins, doz. 21d. to	2 0
	" white, barrel	Nominal
Flax	New Zealand, ton £16 to	17 10 0
Flour	V. D. L., firsts £13 10s. to	14 0 0
	Colonial	14 0 0
Ginger	Bleached W. I. cwt. £6 to	7 0 0
	Brown " £4 to	4 10 0
	" E. I. " 3d. to	0 0 3½
Glass	Crown, box	1 6 0
Gunpowder, blasting, cwt,	£3 5s. to	3 10 0
	Cannister FFF, doz. £1 1s to	1 4 0
Hams	York, lb. 8d. to	0 0 9
Hops	East Kent 1847 lb. 11d. to	0 1 0
Isinglass, book	" 5s. to	0 5 6
Liquorice, Sotanzi	" 1s. to	0 1 2
Mustards, lbs., dozen		0 16 0
	½ lbs., "	0 9 6
Nails	Ewbank's patent, cwt.	Scarce
	Horse "	"
	Hurdle "	"
	Spikes "	"
Nitre	E.I. " 24s. to	1 12 0
Oakum	Pressed "	1 15 0
Oars	Ash foot 9d. to	0 1 0
Oatmeal	Colonial cwt. £1 to	1 1 0
Oats	V. D. Land 3s. 6d. to	0 4 0
Pearl Barley,	cwt.	1 4 0
Peas	Split bushel	0 15 0
Pickles	Pints dozen 9s. 6d. to	0 11 0
	Quarts " 16s. to	0 17 0
Pipes	Sm. bowls gross	0 1 9
Pork	Irish barrel	5 10 0
	Colonial " £3 to	3 10 0
Salt	Coarse Liverpool, ton	2 15 0
	Fine stoved "	3 10 0
	Rock "	5 0 0
	St. Ubes	None
Skins	Kangaroo " 38s. to	2 2 0
Slates	Countess M.	11 0 0
	Duchess "	14 0 0
Soap	Colonial ton £27 to	28 0 0
	Liverpool "	None
Soda Ash, 53 °/o		None
	Carbon, cwt. 60s. to	3 5 0
	Crystals, " 9s. to	0 10 0
Starch	Colman's "	Nominal
	Leecher's "	
Sugar	Pieces, No. 1, colonial, ton	27 0 0
	Refined "	36 0 0
	" English "	37 0 0
Timber	Battens, 9 x 3 foot	None
	Deals, 11 x 3 "	"
Tobacco	Barret's, lb.	0 1 0
	Cavendish "	Nominal
	Keg " 8d. to	0 0 9
Tumblers, Cut, prince's pattern, doz.		0 7 0
	Moulded 5s. 6d. to	0 6 0
Twine	Seaming 12s. to	0 13 0
	Shop	1 4 0
Vinegar	Burnett's, gallon	0 2 0
	Champion's "	0 2 3
Whalebone, ton	£120 to	130 0 0
Whale-line, English, ton		Dull
	Manila, "	60 0 0
Wheat	V. D. Land, bushel, 5s. 9d. to	0 6 0
Wheat-mills		Scarce
Wool-bagging, 27 in., yard	7½d. to	0 0 8
Wool-lashing, Manila		Dull
Wool-packs, 9½ lb.	4s. 9d. to	0 5 0
	FREIGHTS TO BRITAIN.	
Hides	per ton	2 0 0
Oil, imperial	"	5 0 0
Ore	"	0 0 0
Tallow	"	4 0 0
Wool	lb.	0 0 1½
	EXCHANGE.	
Bank drafts, 30 days, 2½ per cent. pm.		

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